

The Raymond Recorder

The News and Advertising Medium of Southern Alberta's Sugar District

VOL. 5

RAYMOND, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, APR 15 1927

NO. 10

Week-End Savings At The Merc

Popular brand Toothpaste, 35c size for 23c
Libby's Pork and Beans large cans special 2 for 22c
Quick Rolled Oats china pkg, 45c seller for 38c
Large Writing Tablets, linen, 30c size, 2 for 34c
Matches, reg 2 for 25c, week-end price 2 for 18c
Lead Pencils, best quality Polka Dot 2 for 7c
Fig Newton Biscuits for Saturday per lb. 18c
Pure Jam, Loganberry and Raspberry, 4 lb tin 59c
Choice Bacon in small slabs, guaranteed first
quality, reg 40c. Special per lb 31c
Linen Envelopes, reg 15c pkg 2 for 19c
Pure Lard (compare this price with what you
have been paying) special 5-lb pail 98c
Fels Naptha Soap, usual price 10c, 2 bars for 17c
Heavy white enamel Sauce Pan reg 95c. special 59c
Large boxes assorted Screws. We purchased
heavy at a bargain. Worth 50c a box. Buy
your season's requirements at per box 19c
14 qt. Galvanized Pail, will go at each 39c

Fresh Strawberries, Tomatoes, Cucumbers
and Celery for Saturday

See our display of Easter Lilies

PHONE 10

THE BIG DEPARTMENT STORE

Raymond Merc.
COMPANY, LIMITED

FREE! Until Sat. April 23rd

One Dollar and a Half (\$1.50) worth of the famous
P. D. Line of Toiletries for \$1.00

One of the following articles FREE providing that you
purchase two of them.

P. D. and Co. Tooth Paste 50c
P. D. and Co. Cold Cream 50c
P. D. and Co. Vanishing Cream 50c
P. D. and Co. Almond Cream 50c
P. D. and Co. Shaving Cream 50c
Saturday Special on Chococates—Reg 75c lb 49c
Chocolate Bars 6 for 25c and a Baby Ruth Bar
FREE with a quarters worth

The Raymond Pharmacy

Try Your Own Drug Store First for the Very Best

P. W. COPE

Stationery

—School Supplies—

Drugs

FARMERS!

Remember that we handle

John Deere

and

**Cockshutt
Implements**

For your Spring Farm Work

Raymond

Service Station

J. D. HALL

Chrysler Cars

Dealer

Star Cars

Easter

Easter comes at a glad season of the year. The festival itself,
is both commemorative of the resurrection of Jesus Christ and as a
memorial to the atonement wrought by the death of the Master upon
the cross.

This year Easter will fall on April 17. The way by which Easter
is determined is that of the first Sunday after the paschal full moon
the fourteenth day of the calendar moon, or the full moon which hap-
pens upon or next after March 21; and if the full moon happens on a
Sunday, then Easter day is the first Sunday following.

It is an event that the children and the grown ups have learned
to look forward to with much pleasurable anticipation; it is an event
all should remember with some beautiful thought.

No Hope To Divert Sunshine Trail

That it will be impossible to alter the plans of the provincial gov-
ernment and have the Sunshine Trail diverted at Craddock to pass
through Raymond was explained by Lawrence Peterson and Geo.
Stringham, M. L. A's, at a meeting held last Friday in the town
hall before a number of local business men and farmers.

However, Mr. Peterson asserted that the government would be willing to help the municipality in grading and graveling this road. He took the municipality and the town authorities to task for not spending more money themselves on distret and town roads. He intimated that the municipality had adopted an unwise policy by investing surplus moneys in bonds and loans, in lowering the mill rate with a total exemption for one year, and by not spending more money on roads. Most of Mr. Peterson's lengthy speech dealt, in a somewhat sarcastic manner, with municipal affairs and comparisons, with considerable advice thrown in gratis. The main topic was briefly dismissed with the statement that it was the policy of the government to have main roads run in as straight a line as possible. The Craddock-Welling road, he said would come in the district roads class. But exactly to what extent the government would aid the municipality in building such a road neither he nor Mr. Stringham were able to answer.

Welling representatives gave voice to some criticism of the government policy in giving road grants only to newly opened roads. These men felt that they should be privileged to earn the road grant by working on roads already in use. Mr. Peterson did not seem conversant with the government's policy in this regard.

Mr. Stringham spoke only briefly. Although the Cardston-Lothbridge had been cancelled as a main highway, he still had hopes that it would eventually be made a main road.

News Notes

FOUND—Bunch of keys on ring. Owner please call at Recorder office.

Aetna farmers are shipping in quantities of molasses from the local factory for stock feeding.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Ross Salmon, a son.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Zeabriskie, a son.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Paxman, a son.

Plant Beets Early

The splendid moisture conditions which obtain at the present time insure a full germination of the seed if planted in a well prepared seed bed.

Every beetgrower should, therefore, lose no time in getting on his land just as soon as the soil is ready to be worked, so as to get his beets in as early as possible.

Early planting means more tons and a higher percent of sugar, in both of which the beetgrower is materially interested. In this crop then the object of the growth is to secure both tons and sugar content; and since the sugar formation is not perfected until the absorption of the necessary food from the soil has been in a large measure completed, as much time as possible should be given to the plant to complete its root and leaf growth, so that in the latter end of the season the chief work of the beet will be to gather sugar through its leaves from the air and sunshine.

When sugar is netting \$6.00 per 100 lbs, one per cent increase in the sugar content of the beet means an increase in price of 57c per ton of beets. An increase in the sugar content also adds to the weight of the beets.

Early beets as against late ones should show at least a two per cent higher sugar content and thus make them worth \$1.14 per ton more than the late ones.

It is important then that we plant our beets early that we may enjoy the benefits of more tons—more sugar—more money.

J. W. Evans, Field Supt.,
Canadian Sugar Factories, Ltd.

News Notes

A meeting of the Raymond A. A. will be held in the town hall next Sunday, April 17, at which baseball plans for the coming season will be discussed. Everybody is invited to attend.

Mrs. R. Davidson of Hanna returned home last Thursday after a short visit here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Riley Weaver.

Today being Good Friday all places of business will be closed. Banks will be closed Monday also.

A number of local dog lovers intend taking in the Lethbridge dog show this afternoon. Several dogs from here have been entered under the care of J. C. Tittsworth.

The U. F. W. A. will give another of their popular dances in the Opera House this evening. All are invited.

Misses Merle Johnson and Rose Ponish are spending the Easter holidays in Calgary.



REX THEATRE
TONIGHT & SATURDAY

The Amateur Gentleman

With Richard Barthelmess

Also 2-reel Comedy

Prices 15c and 30c

PRIZE MATINEE SATURDAY

KIDS 10c

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

VARIETY

The greatest novelty picture we have ever booked
Regular prices 15c and 30c

Coming Monday, April 25

The Phantom of the Opera

With Lon Chaney and 5000 others. The most lavish
production on record

Coming soon - Rudolph Valentino in The Son of a
Shiek. And The Unknown Soldier.

Saturday Specials

Pure Strawberry Jam 65c
Blue Ribbon Baking Powder 20c
Cocoanut per lb 25c
Shoe Polish, black or Brown 10c
Seedless Raisins, Bulk per lb 15c

The Broadway Store

Your Interest is Our Interest

PHONE 2

FREE Phone

FREE Delivery



Service

For The Saturday Shopper

Fresh Cleaned Currant 3 lbs for 45c
Small White Beans 4 lbs for 25c
Fresh Shelled Walnuts, halves 1-lb pkg 44c
Sweet Juicy Prunes 5-lb pkg 65c
Lard 5-lb special 95c
Large Fresh Parsnips per lb 4c

Fresh Ruhharb, New Cabbage,
Fresh Onions and Radishes

Ladies Holeproof Hosiery, Prices 85c,
\$1.00, \$1.50, Every Pair Guaranteed.

Friday being a holiday everyone will be busy Saturday
Please Phone Your Order Early

Bennett & Co. Ltd.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

Want Ads Pay Big

Newsprint From Wheat Straw May Compete With Wood As New Process Is Developed

What material may be expected to supplement wood in the event of the world consumption of newsprint attaining anything resembling the per capita use of this commodity in the United States, asks the Natural Resources Intelligence Service, Department of the Interior, Ottawa. Will it be esparto grass which has been used extensively in the past, and is still being used? Will it be bamboo, which has been used to some extent? Or will it be straw? If the latter then Canada with its vast cereal-growing areas possesses great and permanent potential supplies. Straw material is looked upon as having great possibilities and recently a company was formed at Edmonton for the purpose of manufacturing paper from this commodity. If this mill succeeds it would justify a considerable and possibly a remarkable industrial development in the Canadian wheat fields.

Recent developments along similar lines in Italy may be of interest to Canadian agriculturists and capitalists, points out the Natural Resources Service. The problems of producing a straw which will fulfill all the technical requirements of satisfactory newsprint paper has been the subject of intense research on the part of Italian industrial chemists for a number of years. The problem is now thought successfully solved and straw pulp is being produced on an industrial scale in the plants of the Società Elettrichimica Pomilio in Naples and in those of the Società Italiana di Elettrochimica at Bussolengo. The latter mill which has a daily production capacity of 20 tons, is now turning out approximately 10 tons of pulp a day for the paper industry. The Pomilio process has the further advantage of utilizing the chlorophyll by-product in the production of electrolytic soda, which is a well developed Italian industry.

The problem of production costs has also been successfully solved, and the cost of production of newsprint paper containing approximately 80 per cent straw is claimed to be about 22 per cent less than ordinary newsprint paper, whose current price is about \$75 a short ton.

Experiments have found paper with an 80 per cent straw and 20 per cent wood content suitable for printing purposes. Samples of the editions received show the paper to be of good quality and excellent color. But somewhat harder in finish and less absorbent to ink than the newsprint in general use in the United States and Canada. The paper is also slightly less opaque, and the printed sheet does not appear to have the clearness characteristic of American newspapers.

Meanwhile Canada maintains her position of the world leading country in the exports of both wood pulp and wheat, and her pulpwood and cereal-growing resources are so outstanding as to justify the opinion that she will remain the predominant factor in newsprint supplies no matter whether the final honors go either to spruce or to wheat straw.

Sprouting Potatoes

This Method Results in Forwarding the Crop About Seven Days

Tests at the Inverness, I.L.C., experimental station indicate that potatoes can profitably be planted at any time between May 1st and June 15. After the latter date the result is poor. It was also proven that sprouting forwarded the crop seven days. Early Northern sprouted planted May 15 was ready August 3rd, non-sprouted planted the same date was ready August 10. The yield of sprouted was 22½ tons per acre and of non-sprouted 20½ tons. With Wre Macgregor the results as regards time of readiness were the same, but the non-sprouted yielded slightly better, the record being sprouted 27½ tons, non-sprouted 28½ tons. Sprouting was effected by placing the tubers in a warm dimly lighted building three weeks prior to planting. Strong sturdy shoots about half an inch long were the result.

A School For Freed Slaves

Abyssinia has been much blamed for her backwardness in fulfilling her promise to abolish slavery within her borders. There is news, however, that she has at least made a beginning. Through the British Foreign Office her Regent, Haile Selassie, has secured the help of the Anti-Slavery Society in setting up a school in the Abyssinian capital for poor children and freed slaves.

An envelope is like a woman; it can't go anywhere without address.

W. N. C. 1675

Alaskan Reindeer

More Than Half a Million Roaming the Northern Tundra

Reindeer, originally introduced into Northern Alaska to ward off starvation of the Eskimo, today presents a problem which is commanding serious attention of Government officials and private citizens alike.

The herd of 1,200 imported into the territory in the 10 years prior to 1902, has multiplied so rapidly that it is estimated that more than half a million are roaming the northern tundra. On the present basis of increase, within 10 years, it is expected the number will approximate 5,000,000, the maximum that can be grazed successfully, say Government experts.

The problem of what to do with the fast multiplying herds is one for which no satisfactory solution has yet been found. Marketing the meat in the United States has been undertaken, but difficulty has been encountered in popularizing it as a food. Not that it is less palatable than beef or other meat, those interested assert, but the housewives are slow to try a hitherto unknown commodity.

First Dominion Day

Events of 1867 Are Recalled by Toronto Cab Driver

While preparations are going forward to make the celebration of Canada's 60th birthday, next July 1, a memorable event, 81-year-old Charles Abbott, probably Toronto's oldest cab driver, recalls the doings of the first Dominion Day—1867.

On that momentous day Mr. Abbott's cab had been engaged by Alderman John Carr, chairman of the Toronto Fireworks Committee. Mr. Abbott still retains vivid recollections of the modest fireworks display in Queen's Park that closed Dominion Day.

A feature of Toronto's celebration of the first Dominion Day, Mr. Abbott recalls, was the military review of the Royal Artillery and Body Guard.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



A Smart Daytime or Evening Frock

Charmingly youthful is this chic frock having shirred side sections, thereby adding grace. View A shows the frock suitable for daytime wear, with the cuffs finishing the long darted sleeves and shaped collar simply bound. View B has the neck cut to a V in front and a lace vestee added, and the sleeves omitted. A note of contrasting color may be introduced by the flowers placed at the right shoulder and left hip, making this a particularly attractive frock for evening wear. No. 1546 is in sizes 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 18 (36 bust) requires 3 yards 39-inch material, or 2½ yards 54-inch. View B requires 1 yard 3½-inch lace for vestee. Price 20 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dress-maker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. Size

.....

Name

Town

Time Ball No Longer Needed

Greenwich Time Is Now Picked Up by Wireless

For two generations the Signal Tower at Deal has given the time of day to passing ships by the dropping of its Time Ball. Now the tower is to be closed and the ball will drop no more.

No one seems to know the tower's age, but in the old days it was used for semaphore and flag signalling to the ships lying in the roads between the shore and the Goodwin Sands. It was the last of a chain of signalling stations from the Admiralty in Whitehall.

With the coming of the telegraph the chain was no longer needed, and about 1862 the tower was put to a new use. It must have seemed a marvelous thing then that an electric current from Greenwich could release this huge ball, a hollow size drum six feet across, at the very moment the clocks of London were striking one. Outgoing ships must have found it invaluable for setting their chronometers.

Now, in the Wireless Age, it seems less startling to us that Greenwich time can be picked up anywhere. Wireless has put the Time Ball out of business, and the Signalling Tower is pensioned off, its work done.

The Time Ball was raised by a wheel worked by hand a few minutes before the hour, and when the electric current released it its fall was broken by compressed air, a rubber cushion, and six strong spiral springs. All that has now been done for the last time, for the ball ceased to work recently.

A Mechanical Thinker

French Inventor Solves Troubles of the Busy Executive

A mechanical thinker to remind office executives of their appointments and tasks, has been invented in France.

It stands on the business man's desk. As he makes a memorandum of an order, appointment or idea to be executed at a certain time he throws back a lever on the machine, to indicate the hour, day and month of the event. When the time comes, even if it is a year later, a light goes on and a bell rings.

The executive looks at the clock in the machine, notes the time it registers, runs down the memorandum sheet to the indicated time and reads his own instructions to himself.

The man who aims to be good in this world may miss fire in the next.

No man or woman on earth really believes that the good die young.

Planting and Pruning Roses

Written by J. B. Spencer for Ontario Horticultural Association

Fine roses in abundant quantity require a sunny position and a good garden soil. What are known as Hybrid Tea roses give the most continuous bloom throughout the summer, while the Hybrid Perpetuals, which are somewhat harder and stronger growing, give heavier crops at the end of June and early July and sometimes again in September. Every garden should have some climbing roses, of which there are many varieties. The Baby Ramblers, the kind one usually sees in pots at the Easter season, is growing in popularity for garden planting.

April or May is the best time to plant. This should be carefully done, giving plenty of room to the roots, which should be carefully spread out in a hole dug sufficiently deep to allow the bud-graft to rest about two inches below the surface when the rose is finally set.

It is well to sprinkle a handful or two of bonemeal in the bottom of the hole, working it into the soil. Ends of long roots and broken roots should be cut off with a sharp knife. The soil should be made very firm around a newly planted rose and soaked the roughly with water. Hybrid Perpetuals should stand three feet apart, Hybrid Teas two feet, and Baby Ramblers about one and a half feet.

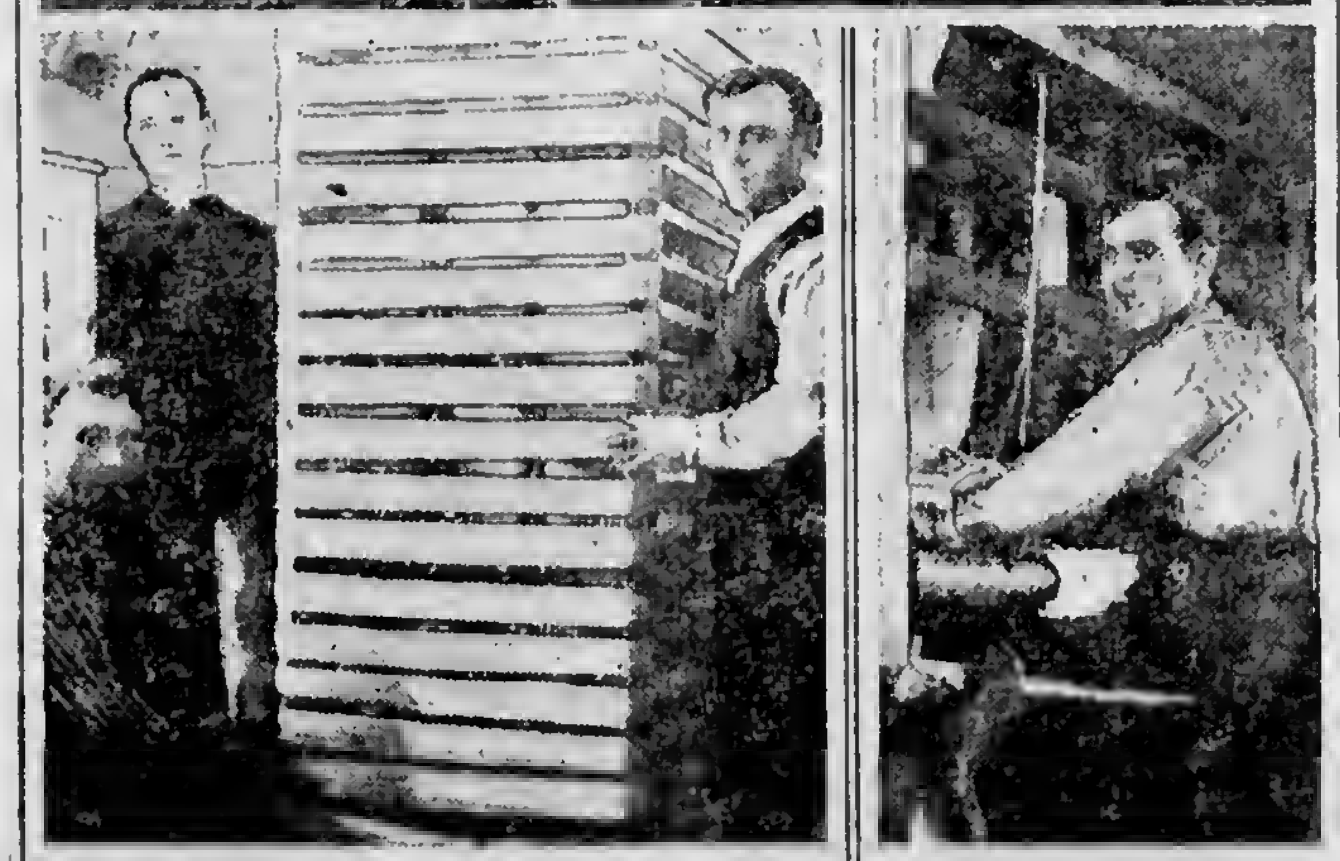
Mr. H. J. Moore, lecturer for the Ontario Horticultural Association, gives good advice on pruning newly planted and older roses. He says that April planted roses should be properly pruned and planted, and if the roses were planted last fall the stems should be shortened somewhat this spring and proper pruning given. In all cases he recommends removing the dead and weakly growths, leaving in the case of Hybrid Teas three or four of the strongest, which should be shortened to about three inches above the graft, which is recognized as an enlargement just above the root.

In the case of Hybrid Perpetuals five or six strong shoots should remain and be shortened to six inches. These branches should be well spaced and the cutting should be done just above a bud that points upwards. The same general principle should be followed in pruning in subsequent years. Baby Ramblers will not require shortening but all the dead growth be cut away. For climbing roses, dead and weakly canes should be removed at the same time.

The silver fox will not breed unless kept on starvation rations during the winter.

A haunted house has shades instead of curtains.

Old Trade Flourishes in New Land



An old trade flourishes in a new land. Hand loom weaving has been successfully introduced at Denzil, a small Saskatchewan town along the lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The keen enthusiasm in hand loom weaving at Denzil, and the general interest throughout Saskatchewan can be traced to the energy of Rev. Father John Schultz, and comes as the result of his recent visit to Great Britain, France, Germany, Belgium, Switzerland and Italy. He investigated hand weaving in each country, studied the art himself, and on his return installed the looms.

Father Schultz believes that the industry will foster home life in the rural districts, and will particularly encourage new settlers by providing them with a touch of the daily routine to which they were accustomed prior to their arrival in this country. Weaving is regarded as the nucleus around which other farm activities will prosper. This activity creates a demand for sheep raising, and hemp and flax growing. Another feature, and one highly regarded, is, that weaving may be undertaken by members of farm families unable to carry on with the heavier duties of rural life.

Canada Holds Leading Place As Best Country in World For Raising of Domestic Fowl

The Seeding of Alfalfa

Use Canadian Seed and Sow With a Nurse Crop

In starting an alfalfa field the use of hardy seed is an indispensable requisite to success. It is also much preferable to use Canadian grown seed because it is more likely than imported seed to be of adequate hardiness. This point is stressed by E. S. Hopkins, Dominion Field Husbandman, in his latest report. He points out that the use of imported seed has been the cause of many failures in the growing of alfalfa. There is now a plentiful supply of Canadian seed easily procurable and therefore no necessity to use any other. The report, which may be obtained from the Publication Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, gives a great deal of information on alfalfa growing, the results of many years of investigation on the experimental farms. Mr. Hopkins states that it is a good practice to seed down alfalfa with a nurse crop. Oats may be used as a nurse crop, but in starting to grow alfalfa for the first time it is wiser to use barley or wheat. The rate of seeding these nurse crops should be reduced somewhat below that ordinarily used when the grain is seeded alone, for instance, barley may be seeded at the rate of 1½ bushels per acre.

On all fields where alfalfa or sweet clover has not been previously grown, it is necessary to inoculate the seed as it is frequently the means of preventing partial or even total failure. The inoculating may be done by applying a culture to the seed or by applying to the field to be seeded about 200 pounds per acre of soil from a field on which alfalfa has already been grown.

At the Central Experimental Farm it has been found an economical plan of trying alfalfa to add about 6 pounds of the seed per acre to the regular seeding of the ordinary hay crop. By this way it is possible to learn without risk of serious loss whether alfalfa will grow satisfactorily on the particular field. If observation indicates that the crop is likely to prove a success the field may be seeded to alfalfa. Even in this case, a few pounds of timothy or alsike may be added, a satisfactory seeding for a field to be left in alfalfa being 15 pounds alsike, 3 pounds timothy and 2 pounds of alsike per acre. The timothy and alsike will appear only on spots where the alfalfa is killed, and will produce hay and check the growth of weeds which would otherwise grow in these places.

Puzzle For Executors

Inventor of Stokes Can Left Will That Is a Problem

Frederick Stokes, inventor of the Stokes gun, in his will filed at London, disposes of the residue of his estate in a novel manner. He leaves it "to the children of my brothers and sisters, roughly in inverse proportion to their yearly incomes, so that those requiring most assistance shall receive more than those who are better off; and the children of my wife's brothers and sisters, so that in the aggregate my relations shall receive twice as much as my wife's relations and so that the sum of the two distributions will form about three-fourths of the sum available for distribution."

Another clause states that the trustees shall have absolute power to interpret the will.

Discover Colossal Statue

Part of a colossal statue, believed to be of a Roman emperor has been discovered at Eleusis, near Athens. Only the head and bust have been uncovered. The statue is of great beauty. According to the size of the head and bust, which have a total height of more than two and a half yards, the whole statue is about five and a half yards high.

A Good Idea

"It is an excellent practice to carry money always in more than one pocket," says a writer in an exchange. This is a commendable idea, fellows. Carry plenty of money at all times in every pocket. Nothing is a sure guarantee against embarrassment than twelve or fourteen pockets full of money.

It has been claimed that 2,000 tons of dust per square mile were recently deposited in the vicinity of Laramie, Wyoming.

With the exception of trouble the more the average man has the more he wants.

Why is Canada the best country in the world in which to raise domestic fowl of all kinds? This is the question that many thousands of people, who do not live in the Dominion, are asking themselves. They have been led to propound this query because of the magnificent display of birds made by Canada at the World's Poultry Congress in Spain in 1921, and also because of the fact that Canada holds the world's egg-production records both for a pen of ten hens and for an individual hen. As a consequence they will gather in Ottawa for the third World's Poultry Congress from July 27 to August 1, 1927.

A good many Canadians may feel that because they do not know one breed of poultry from another they have no interest in this gathering, but, if so, they miss both its national and personal significance. In Europe, particularly in Great Britain, the advancement in poultry breeding is largely due to the personal and financial assistance given by leading citizens. His Majesty King George and the Prince of Wales (both of whom will have exhibits at Ottawa) are amongst the outstanding poultry breeders in the Empire, and their example is followed by hundreds whose purpose is patriotic and philanthropic—persons who are interested in birds because they are more keenly interested in men. It is expected that the Congress in Ottawa will be attended by about seven thousand delegates from outside Canada, hundreds of whom come with the idea of seeing whether a country which produces such fine poultry would not be a good place for men and women from the over-crowded agricultural areas of Europe. The more citizens from different parts of Canada there are at the Congress the more likely the outside delegates will be to learn something of the different provinces and to take back with them an adequate conception of what the Dominion has to offer.

The Congress will include also many scientists of international reputation in Biology, genetics, pathology, zoology, etc., from all the countries of Europe. There will be a large number of British agricultural county agents, and the representatives of the great importing houses of Western Europe. These will be, so to speak, in addition to the world's great experts in all lines of poultry breeding and in the production and marketing of poultry (live and dead), eggs, equipment and supplies. There will, therefore, be very much to interest all patriotic Canadians, whatever their profession or business.

Representatives of thirty different countries will attend, and there will be one of the greatest displays of poultry ever assembled, in which it is believed Canada's part will not be insignificant. The delegates will be welcomed by His Excellency the Governor-General, and by the Prime Minister, The Minister of Agriculture, the various provinces, and other prominent citizens are on the congress committee, which has all the details in charge.

The congress officers are: President, Mr. Edward Brown, London (England); director, Mr. E. C. Elmer, Dominion Poultry Husbandman; secretary, Mr. Ernest Kibbles, Transportation Building, Ottawa.

Value of Prairie Crops

In 1925 Exceeded World's Gold Output by 270 Million Dollars

The prairie provinces of Canada are richer in their output of wheat and other crops than all the gold mines of the world, according to the National Resources Intelligence Service, of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, the value of these crops exceeding the total gold output by 270 million dollars. The field crops of the three mid-western provinces were valued at 660 million dollars (1925), while the world's gold output was but 390 million dollars.

Spilt infinitives have been vindicated by a noted grammarian, George Oliver Curme, Northwestern University professor. He says the divided verb form has been used for centuries by the best writers.

"You must be growing tired of me," said Mr. Newlywed. "You never call me 'dear,' as other men's wives do."

"Do they?" she demanded suspiciously.

Jerry: Do you think I'm a perfect idiot?

Jean: No, nobody is perfect.

"As a man thinks, so he is; therefore, some people never are."



MAGIC BAKING POWDER
CONTAINS NO ALUM

There is far more
MAGIC BAKING POWDER
used in Canada than
of all other brands
combined

MADE IN CANADA
NO ALUM

E. W. GILLETTE CO. LTD.
TORONTO, CAN.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

During last year nearly 17,000 lbs. of letter mail were sent out of Britain by air an increase of about 10 per cent. on the previous year.

W. B. Thorne, Mdsr. Alberta, was re-elected president of the Canadian Percheron Horse Breeders' Association.

Which still have been quite numerous in Ontario. During the past three years a single customs and excise preventive officer has investigated 50 stills.

The bill restricting polygamy which is shortly to come before the Canadian chamber is encountering strong opposition among Moslems, says a Cairo despatch to the Daily Mail.

A government bill is to be introduced in the House of Commons to reduce the postage rates on Canadian daily and weekly newspapers from one and one-half cents to one cent.

A British proposal to extend army limitation to trained reserves was rejected as impracticable by the delegates of France, Japan and Belgium at the postwar commission for a disarmament conference.

Archbishop Hamard for the past five years head of the Roman Catholic diocese of Ottawa is dead. The aged prelate succumbed to a severe intestinal disorder which he had suffered for a great time.

A Household Medicine. They that are acquainted with the sterling properties of Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil in the treatment of many ailments would not be without it in the house. It is only a household medicine and as it is effective in dealing with many ordinary complaints it is an inexpensive medicine. So, keep it at hand, as the call for it may come most unexpectedly.

A field out has been known to hold in his jaws a weight 3,000 times heavier than itself.

Minard's Liniment soothes tired feet.

Snakes are being raised for commercial purposes, in huge concrete pits, by a Los Angeles man.

When a man is unable to change between two evils he usually hunts up a third.

Women, Here are Facts!



Mrs. Walter Coles

Woodstock, Ont. — "I have been greatly benefited by taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and do not hesitate to recommend it as a woman's tonic and nerve. I was all run down, weak and nervous—had a draggy, worn-out feeling. I took the 'Prescription' and found it very helpful. It built me up in health and strength and made me feel so well that I would take it again if I were ever in need of a tonic and nerve medicine, for I was very well satisfied with the way it helped me."—Mrs. Walter Coles, 23 Huron St.

All druggists, Tablets or Liquid. Send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce's Laboratory, Bridgeport, Ont., if you wish a trial package of tablets.

W. N. E. 1675

Innovation At Prague Fair

Popcorn Was Something Entirely New to Czechoslovakians

Popcorn popped over glowing wood-coals drenched with melted butter and served hot to astonished Czechoslovakians was the central feature of the Spring Sample Fair.

Popcorn has never before been seen in this country. The popping is supervised by Herbert Baldwin, American commercial attaché, who also introduced at the fair exhibits of numerous other novel products among which are listed a folding bed, automatic extinguishers, novel automobile parts, road novel toys and a tiny two and one-half horse power motor which a child can carry.

Goods from all European countries are shown at this exposition.

Three Necessary Books

Negro Preacher Did Not Overlook the Most Important

A negro preacher walked into the office of a newspaper in Rocky Mountain North Carolina, and said: "Mist' Editor, they is forty three of my congregation which subscribe to yo' paper. Do that outlie me to have a church notice in yo' Saturday issue?" "Sit down and write," said the editor. "I thank you." And this is the notice the minister wrote. "Mount Memorial Baptist Church, the Rev. John Walker, pastor. Preaching morning and evening in the congregation of the gospel, three books is necessary. The Bible, the hymn book, and the pocketbook. Come tomorrow and bring all three."—The Christian Register.

BABY'S HEALTH IN THE SPRING

Can Best be Guarded With Baby's Own Tablets

The Spring is a time of anxiety to mothers who have little ones in the home. Conditions make it necessary to keep the baby indoors. He is often confined to overheated, badly ventilated rooms and catches colds which wreck his whole system. To guard against this a box of Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in the house and an occasional dose given the baby to keep his stomach and bowels working regularly. This will prevent colds, constipation or colic and keep baby well. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



A Smart Daytime Dress

Charmingly simple is the smart dress shown here and a style easily fashioned by the home modiste. There is an inverted plait at each side of the front panel and the back is in one piece. The long rolling collar and vestee of contrasting material give a modish waist-coat effect and the long dart-fitted sleeves are finished with shaped cuffs. A belt fastens at the side seams and ties in a chic bow at the back. No. 1571 is in sizes 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust. Size 40 requires 3½ yards 39-inch material, or 2½ yards 54-inch, and ½ yard 35 or 39-inch contrasting material (cut crosswise). Price 20 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

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Pattern No. Size

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Name

Town



When You Tint Use Real Dyes!

When tinting dainty underwear, silk stockings, or any fine fabrics use true dyes. That's the only way you can get the same beautiful, soft shades materials have when new.

Tint some pieces tonight, with real Diamond dye—you'll see the difference! No one will dream they were tinted at home. And you can do real dyeing with just as perfect results, if you will just use the true Diamond dye.

FREE: why not ask your druggist for the very useful Diamond Dye Encyclopedia? Valuable suggestions, easy directions, and piece-goods sample colors. Or write for free copy of Color Craft, a big illustrated book sent postpaid—address, DIAMOND DYES, Dept. N13, Windsor, Ontario.

Diamond Dyes

Make it NEW for 15 cts!

Will Attempt Flight Over Mount Everest

Airman Holding French Height Record Will Use Special "Plane"

Jean Gallizo, the French airman who holds the French height record of 41,811 feet, made in France last August, has sailed for India with a special aeroplane to attempt to fly over Mount Everest.

Mr. Gallizo has obtained the permission of the British Indian authorities to start from land in British territory and the assistance of one of the British air stations has been promised. He will take the plane out with him by sea and fly from Bombay to Simla, from where he will attempt the flight over the world's highest mountain, which towers 29,992 feet over the Indian plain.

Mr. Gallizo is taking with him a photographer and will make a special effort to obtain photographs of the unexplored top of the mountain which will serve as a guide for any future attempt like the Bruce expedition to reach the summit on foot. He expects to make the flight about the end of May or the beginning of June.

They Are Undoubtedly Womens' Best Friend

Dodd's Kidney Pills Have Relieved Thousands of Canadian Women Sufferers

Saskatchewan Woman Advises All Kidney Sufferers to Use Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Hearthroving, Sask. (Special) — "I must say that the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills have done me much good," writes Mrs. T. S. Reeves, who lives at this place. "I also got some Dodd's Kidney Pills and sent to a sister in law of mine who was unable to get them. She also found a great relief after having suffered with backache for a long time."

It is statements like this that have built up and maintained the reputation Dodd's Kidney Pills hold today as the old Canadian kidney remedy.

Dodd's Kidney Pills have become a family remedy all over the Province because people have tried them and found them good. They are purely and simply a kidney remedy. They help Rheumatism, Lumbago, Lambe Back, Heart Disease, and urinary troubles because all of these are either kidney disease, or are caused by the kidneys failing to do their work.

Obtained from all druggists, or The Dodd's Medicine Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Received Special Training

Model Farm Men From British Isles Come to Canada

Among immigrants landing at Halifax recently were 114 single men who had been trained on a model farm in the British Isles to prepare them for agricultural life in Canada.

Each of the men had been given two pounds to see them through the first few days in the Dominion. It was discovered, however, that the newcomers had spent the money before embarking and they were held by immigration authorities. The difficulty was solved when the British Government cabled the necessary funds to make up the shortage. In future the money will be given to the immigrants when they land.

In the last four years, motor vehicles in operation in this country increased 85 per cent.

A train of thought should not be allowed to run wild.

A man seldom walks erect when straightened by circumstances.

For distemper — Minard's Liniment.

Foreign Settlers

(By C. W. Peterson)

The great plan wizard, Luther Burbank, known in every civilization the world over, shortly before he died, wrote the following: Inspiring and beautiful words bearing on the "melting pot" issue in the United States:

"There is no more interesting example of the parallel between nature's process in plant life and in human life than is to be found in our own America. In this great garden she has cross-pollinated races and tribes and the people of every nation. The result has been a wholesale production of hybrid seedlings presenting every conceivable phase of variation. Some of these crosses have turned out badly, and society has selected the worst of them and discarded them, others that are more too useful are still growing like weeds; but from the whole best have sprung such new and striking and useful individual plants as Henry Ford, Theodore Roosevelt, Jacob Riis, Joseph Pulitzer and hundreds more. In fact, there are very few Americans whose recent ancestors have not brought to the family some blood, of a people other than English. We are crosses, within the last few generations from every nation under the sun, and our variations have produced wide differences in capacity and ability, and a very bouquet of geniuses and original thinkers."

His words are not only inspiring, but positively true. The contribution of foreign born men and women towards the civilization, culture and material advancement of Canada and the United States, has been of no mean character. Those who pretend to see a menace in the judicious admittance to the shores of this continent of non-English speaking races should seriously ponder upon this new light on an old subject.

There has always been a distinct tendency in Canada to make a social issue out of the immigration question. Patriotic societies, not in possession of all the facts, applaud the "closed door" principle and magnify the presence of the foreigner in our midst to a social menace. This attitude of mind was naturally intensified by the wave of emotionalism created by the Great War. The people of Eastern Canada know the foreigner chiefly by his well-advertised petty crime record. They base their estimate of his worth as a citizen upon the unwholesome spectacle, daily before the eyes of residents of our industrial centres, of a congested slum population drawn largely from the submerged classes in Southern European cities. This is what the "foreigner" stands for in their estimation, and a disgusting picture it is, not perhaps particularly creditable to our great cities who tolerate it.

These well-intentioned, if ill-informed, critics, know nothing whatever about the splendid record of performance of the real peasant settlements on the prairies. They have no come in contact with the dogged perseverance, hard labor and frugal standard of living of these excellent people during years of stress. They have not seen the well tilled, smiling fields and neat village settlements planted on our prairies, wrought out of their own unaided labor. They do not hear about the second generation, speaking faultless English, entering our educational institutions and capturing the most coveted prizes. Above all, they do not know that these people, essentially agricultural, stick to the farm through thick and thin and have their roots so firmly in the soil that town life has no attractions for them. Western people, who live in close proximity to peasant colonies, have nothing but praise for the honesty, integrity and sensible frugality of these settlers. They do not recognize any social menace in their presence.

If you haven't any enemies to forgive, pardon a few of your friends.

Could Not Sleep Heart and Nerves Were So Bad

Mr. Geo. Meek, Windsor, Ont., writes:—"I suffered with my heart and nerves and could not sleep at night for noises in my head. I managed to keep at my work somehow, until I began to have dizzy spells which got so bad I could not go to my work. I was afraid to go out any place, for very often I would stagger on my feet, and everything in front of me would turn black and fade away. While I was home sick a friend told me to take I got four boxes and by the time I had used them the pains and noises in my head ceased and I was able to get a good night's rest. Although that was six years ago I have never been troubled with that complaint again."

Price 50c. a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The F. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto Ont.



You Must Have Strength Endurance and Courage

Mr. W. B. Towner, New York, writes: "Never have I felt better in my life than since taking CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. I find they keep my bowels active; headaches and indigestion never bother me now. I enjoy my sleep and get up refreshed, ready for a hard day's work."

Millions all over the world have found this doctor's prescription a relief for every day ailments. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, the purely vegetable laxative, are small, easy to swallow and move the bowels in a gentle manner free from pain. They are not habit forming and do not contain Calomel, Mercury or poisonous drugs. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS in red packages, 25c. and 75c. Try them tonight. Tomorrow refreshed. All druggists.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

APRIL 10

PETER'S LESSON IN TRUST

Golden Text: Be of good cheer; it is I; be not afraid.—Matthew 14:27.

Lesson: Matthew 14:22-33.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 91:1-10.

Explanations and Comments

1. Peter Sees the Power of Jesus, verses 22-27. After the feeding of the Five Thousand the disciples sympathized with the desire of the multitude to make Jesus King, and were loth to leave the spot until he constrained them. He bade them enter the boat and cross to the other side of the Sea of Galilee while he remained behind to disperse the crowd. When the crowd had departed, Jesus tells us that Jesus, perceiving that they were about to come and take him by force to make him king, withdrew again into the mountain himself alone (John 6:12).

"Jesus was not always going about doing good. He could not; no man can. There comes a time when the doing is worthless and fruitless. No, Jesus was often away getting power, getting vision and the valor which enabled him and inspired him to do good. Sometimes he went away from the multitudes. He went, of course, in order to return. But he went, that is the point. He left the plain that in the mountain the drained powers might be renewed and recharged for use in refreshing the plain again."—Alexander McGuffin.

"I watch the Master take His way. Far up the mountain, at break of day, 'Mid nature's quietude to pray; And as I seem to see Him there I hear, with all my load of care, 'The calls, these to the mount of prayer.'"

—John R. Clements.

And when even was come, he was alone. "When God speaks he likes no other voice to break the stillness but His own, hence the place that has always been given to solitude in all true religious life. It can be overdone, but it can be gloriously underdone. And there is no lesson more worth looking on in days like ours than this: when God wants to speak to a man He wants that man to be alone."—Henry Drummond.

The Increasing U.S. Population

Population Increases About 13,000,000 in Seven Year Period

On July 1 next it is the estimate of the census bureau that the population of the United States will be 118,928,000. This will represent an increase over the 1920 census returns of a little short of 13,000,000. Next July 1 will be just three quarters of the current decade, and if the same rate of increase be assumed for the last quarter, the census of 1930 should register a population of 125,500,000 with an increase since 1920 of 17,500,000. It will be greater by 3,500,000 than the gain in population between 1910 and 1920 in face of a declining birthrate and the sharp curtailment of immigration. As an offset to these two factors is the decline in mortality statistics.

Holloway's Corn Remover takes the corn out by the roots. Try it and prove it.

Best Seller in China

The Bible is still the best seller in China notwithstanding the spread of the power of the Nationalists, who are on friendly terms with Russian bolsheviks. The British and Foreign Bible Society sold more than four million Bibles in China last year.

Makes Breathing Easy. The constriction of the air passages and the struggle for breath, too familiar evidence of asthmatic trouble, cannot damn Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. This is the famous remedy which is known far and wide for its complete effectiveness even under very severe conditions. It is no untried, experimental preparation, but one with many years of strong service behind it. Buy it from your nearest dealer.

Loudspeaker—"Bang! Crash! Help! Murder! Police! Bang!"
Radio Fan—"Hooray! I've got Chicago!"

When a man falls into an error he is likely to be more or less injured in his descent.

Going fishing—take Minard's Liniment.

Would Abolish Submarines

British merchant shipping clerks have taken advantage of naval disarmament discussion to revive their campaign for the abolition of the submarine. The United States has more than any other country, with 121 built and seven projected.

The Maoris of New Zealand during the last 60 years have emerged from cannibalism to a civilization equalling that of the white man.

Mabel: "Is the new maid quiet?"
Vera: "Quiet? Huh, so quiet she doesn't disturb the dust."



While you are enjoying Wrigley's, you are getting benefit as well.



After every meal



Borden's EAGLE BRAND
CONDENSED MILK

Free to Mothers! Write: The Borden Co. Limited, Montreal, for Feeding Chart and helpful Baby Welfare Booklet. E1827

INDIGESTION

Causes gassy pains that crowd the heart and put you in misery. Get relief and comfort from Chamberlain's Tablets. Never Fail—25c everywhere

HUGE PROFITS

Manufacturing most famous FRENCH PERFUMES. Capital or experience unnecessary. Send one dollar for full recipes, and instructions teaching this profitable business. CONTINENTAL PERFUMERIES, London Building, Vancouver, Canada.

BAKERS' OVENS Write for catalogue and list of used ovens. Hubbard Oven Company, 1100 Queen West, Toronto, Ont.

HATCHING EGGS

and chicks from Exhibition Barred Rocks, Reds, and Trapped Leghorns of high egg record. Winners at leading poultry shows. 25,000 hatched already, which shows we have a wide reputation. Quality and Service is our only incentive. Write for beautiful brochure. We pay the duty. SPECIAL MAIL OFFER. ACT QUICK. J. A. Mass, Poultry Farm, Fairbairn, Minn.



Give the children

SHILOH FOR COUGHS

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No. 1 for Cough, No. 2 for Bronchitis, No. 3 for Asthma, No. 4 for Bladder, Catarrh, No. 5 for Diarrhea & Biliousness. No. 6 for Chronic Weakness. Sold by leading druggists, or return mail from Dr. J. C. Mass, 1011 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Great Britain To Send More Troops To China To Care For Emergencies

London. Great Britain, which has been carrying on communication with Washington and Tokyo concerning the Nanking disorders on March 21, continued its exchange over the week-end and there was a confident belief in official quarters that within a short time a joint note will be presented to the Chinese authorities.

This note, it was indicated, would require an apology and reparations for the Nanking incident and guarantee for the future.

The war office has officially announced that another infantry brigade and auxiliary units, including approximately 1,000 men would be dispatched to the Far East as soon as they were brought to war strength by calling up reservists.

Decision to augment the Shanghai defence force came as a surprise even to those in close touch with events, but military experts at home and in China maintained that it is essential, when the demands are made on the Chinese, that there be adequate force on the spot to back up threats of possible action.

It is stated that the brigade will be rushed to Hong Kong, relieving the troops there for duty in Shanghai. It is expected they will be sent directly to the Yangtze.

Officials say this does not mean that a Chinese refusal to the forth coming demands is anticipated, but that the reinforcements are to be sent as a measure of precaution to care for emergencies.

The week-end brought no let-up in the British Government's concentration on the Chinese crisis. Premier Baldwin and Foreign Secretary Chamberlain kept in closest touch with their Downing Street desks, with the other members of the cabinet anxiously available.

To Held Conference This Fall

Provincial Premiers to Meet Federal Government in Ottawa

Ottawa. The conference between the provincial and federal governments which has been referred to several times during the past session will be held in Ottawa in late October or November. The arrangements will be under the control of Hon. Frank Rhodes, secretary of state. It is hoped to secure attendance of prime ministers of all the provinces. Provincial subsidies and old age pensions promise to be the major topics to come before the conference.

No Change In Pension Law

Bill Extending Time for Applications May be Introduced

Ottawa. While no general amendment to legislation governing pensions to retired soldiers and their dependents will be brought down at the present session of Parliament the government will introduce a bill extending for two years the time in which pension applications may be made.

This announcement was made by Hon. J. H. King, Minister of Health and Soldier Civil Re-establishment, in the House of Commons.

A Graceful Tribute

Ottawa. Striking tribute to the unique esteem in which he is held by his friends was evidenced when Right Hon. George P. Graham was, with Mrs. Graham, made the recipient of a magnificent silver service. The occasion was a dinner at the Country Club when more than two guests gathered to celebrate the 68th birthday of Mr. Graham and to do honor to himself and his gracious helpmate.

Powers Contemplate Demands On China For Outrages At Nanking

London. Great Britain is contemplating making certain demands on the Chinese Nationalist authorities in connection with the anti-foreign outrages at Nanking but it was not known whether these demands would be made separately or in conjunction with other powers. It is understood here that the British draft demands an apology and reparation for the Nanking affair as well as punishment of the guilty persons and guarantees against the repetition of such outbreaks.

Exchanges are said to be in progress between various capitals on the

India Not Ready For Self-Government

Is Incompetent to Work Out Destiny Says Lord Birkenhead

London. The Earl of Birkenhead, secretary for India, told the House of Lords in substance that India is not competent to work out her own destiny while the antagonism between Moslems and Hindus continues.

His declaration was made during debate over the advisability of granting India a greater measure of self government. Lord Birkenhead told the House that the general political outlook for India is promising and he has seen signs of co-operation between the British and the natives. He mentioned, however, that if the agitators recently imprisoned for sedition were released a recurrence of disorders could be expected.

Depends On New Postage

No Increase in Postmasters' Salaries or Commissions This Year

Ottawa. "We have arranged that there will be no difference this year as compared to last year in the amount of money according to postmasters either as salary or commission. We understand that postmasters have been looking forward to an increase, but we are not in a position to make any definite announcement in this regard until after the expiration of one full financial year's operation under the penny postage system," said Hon. P. J. Aird, postmaster general, addressing the sixth convention of the Canadian Postmasters' Association at the closing session.

Harvesters From Oxford

University Students Plan to Help Canadian Farmers This Year

Oxford. Oxford University students are planning to help harvest the Canadian wheat crop next summer. Parties of students are being recruited under the joint auspices of the Canadian government and a Canadian railway. They will sail in July for Montreal and will work on Ontario farms until the middle of August, meeting on later to Manitoba and returning to England for the reopening of college in October.

Death of Sir Charles Tupper

Was One of Canada's Most Distinguished Elder Statesmen

Vancouver. Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, K.C.M.G., K.C.L.B., died at his home here following an attack of pneumonia which had confined him to his home for nearly two weeks.

Sir Charles was one of Canada's most distinguished statesmen. He was born in Antwerp, N.S., in 1855 the son of the late Right Hon. Sir Charles Tupper at one time prime minister of the Dominion.

Is Made An Indian Chief

Victoria, B.C. His Excellency Lord Willington, Governor General of Canada, is now Chief Gwamshun, or Chief Rainbow, of the Vancouver Island Indian tribes, having been initiated here in one of the most picturesque and colorful ceremonies ever witnessed in this city.

Thrown Out

Ottawa. The private bills committee of the House of Commons threw out an act to incorporate the "Thousand Islands International Bridge Corporation."

Slave Expedition Attacked By Burmese

Natives Kill One British Officer and Two Men

Rangoon, Burmah. A British expedition to the Kachin Hill country of North Burmah, Captain West of the British Army and two members of his expedition were killed in an attack by natives. Three others were wounded and inter-peter is missing. Reinforcements of military police were sent to the district. Communication in the region is possible only by means of the helicopter and bad visibility prevented details from reaching here.

In the Hargwang Valley, lying between the areas in which the two above expeditions are working, about 1,000 slaves were freed last year, the government paying compensation to the owners.

Lower Duty on Livestock

Western Stock Growers Are Asking For Relief

Calgary. Urging the Dominion to take all available measures to obtain relief from United States duty on livestock entering that country, the Western Stock Growers' Association addressed a resolution to the Federal Government. Another resolution pointed out the necessity for keeping grain and screenings in Canada and prohibiting export of this commodity to the United States. A petition will be submitted to railways asking reduction of rates on horses in an equality with cattle. The Alberta Government was asked for an appropriation for experiments with grazing rotation and rehabilitation of native grasses. Dr. S. P. Tisdale told the convention that farmers are "losing ten million dollars a year marketing beef of poor quality," and urged establishment of best grading to better this condition.

Increase In Taxable Value of Property

Statistics Show Figures Higher for Period From 1919 to 1925

Ottawa. An increase of \$1,302,772, \$86 in the total taxable value of real property in Canada is shown for the year 1925 as compared with 1919, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

The total value of taxable property in the Dominion was \$7,331,755,535 in the year under review as against \$6,028,912,649 in 1919.

Personal property, which is only taxed in certain provinces, increased from \$2,979,719 in 1919 to \$3,612,131 in 1925.

British Will Protect Colony of Hong Kong

Have No Intention of Diminishing Rights or Authority

Hong Kong. The British government will give full protection to the colony of Hong Kong and the leased territories on the mainland during the civil war in China, according to assurances given by the local secretary of state.

The secretary's communication said the government has no intention of surrendering Hong Kong or abandoning or diminishing in any way British rights or authority in any part of the territories under its administration.

Matter of Defence Left With Government

Canada Not Bound in Any Way Says Premier King

Ottawa. "In no way has this Parliament or country been bound by decisions made by the Imperial Conference, last fall," declared Premier W. L. Mackenzie King, in the House of Commons, when he reviewed the reports adopted at this conference. In London. Referring to the question of defence, Premier King declared that no commitments had been made on behalf of Canada with respect to defence, and no request had been made on behalf of the British Government in the matter. It was for each Dominion, through its own government and parliament, to decide.

"It is for this Parliament to say to what extent Canada will take in all matters pertaining to defence," said the Premier.

Attained Terrific Speed

Major Segrave Drives Car 203 Miles Per Hour

New York. Major Segrave's record of 203.728 miles an hour at Dayton Beach marked the nearest approach to the highest speed man has attained, 278 miles an hour, in an airplane.

This air record was set by Florentin Bonnet, in France, in December, 1924. The latest mark by rail was that set by an engine in a five mile run from Fleming to Jacksonville, Fla., in 1901, by attaining an average of 120 miles an hour.

In the water, Miss Detroit, in 1929, at Lake George, set a record of 77.8 miles an hour for speed boats, while on the Solent, England, the Maple Leaf II, made 80 miles an hour in 1921.

The record of the Empress of France, 27.01 knots, while that of the Leyland is 28.01.

Many Claimants to Millions

Dutch Merchant's Fortune Has Drawn Interest for 200 Years

Adelaide, Australia. A fortune of \$500,000,000 which has been accruing at interest for 200 years, is to be subject of issue in the courts, according to claimants that are now being filed here.

Edward Welder, merchant prince of Holland in the days when the Dutch flag was supreme in the world of commerce, died in New York leaving an enormous will. Legions of claimants join in his recent reversion, claimants assert.

The fortune, which has now grown to \$500,000,000, may create at least 150 Australian millionaires for more than that number in the city of Adelaide alone claim a share.

The claimants are calling a meeting to discuss the matter.

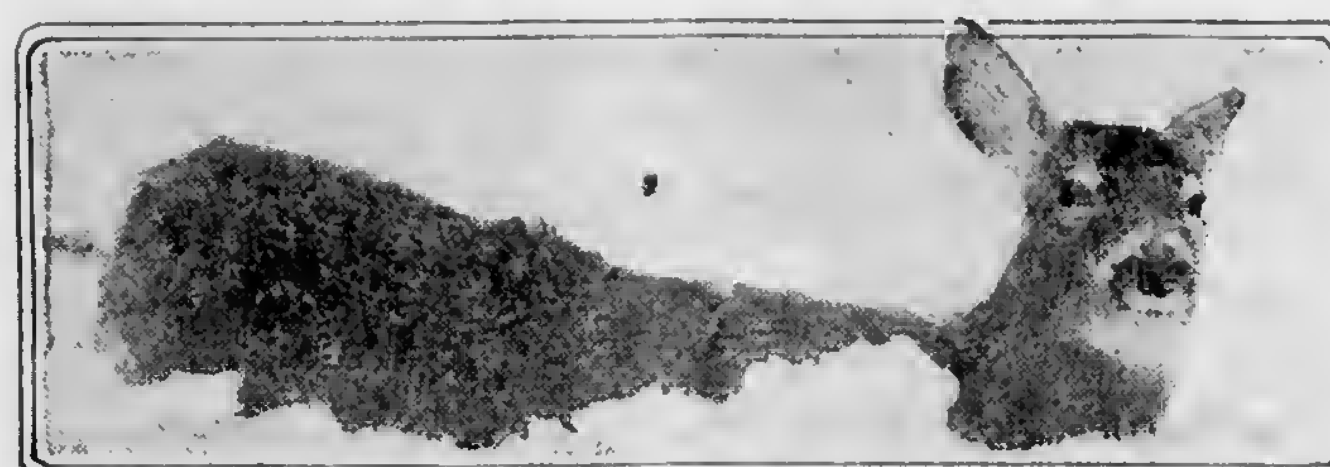
Pensioners Bill Passes

Ottawa. Third readings have been given in the Senate to the bill originating in the House of Commons to provide for the retirement and pensioning of Supreme Court judges at the age of 75 and for the creation of an additional judge on the Supreme Court bench.

Ban on Canadian Milk

New York. New York city's embargo on milk supplied by Montreal firms, established March 14, 16 days after the typhoid epidemic broke out in the Canadian city will be maintained indefinitely, states Dr. Louis I. Harris, health commissioner.

Trappers Overtake Swift Deer



Many tales have drifted down from the north of how men have overtaken and captured wolves, deer and other swift-footed inhabitants of the woods of Ontario and Quebec. Readers of such have often been skeptical but the above photograph, taken only a short distance from the Canadian Pacific line in the Laurentian Mountains, proves that such a thing is possible. In the case of deer at least. Heavy snow, as can be seen, accounts for this and in the pictures above several trappers on snowshoes have succeeded in capturing two animals in question. The deer looking placidly into the camera was no doubt caught only after an exhausting chase through the deep drifts. The little doe that seems to be just an animal for the trapper, will doubtless be skinned in a short time by thousands of people in some city park. Trappers in the northern sections of Ontario and Quebec have saved many of these young animals from death by freeing them from heavy drifts of



snow, and thus keeping them from packs of hungry wolves.

Government Will Use Six 'Planes For Patrol Work on Hudson Strait

Would End Appeals To Privy Council

Should be Abolished Says Liberal Member for L'Islet, Quebec

Quebec. "Appeals to the privy council are prejudicial, costly and involve much delay in the administration of justice because such appeals are contrary to the spirit of responsible government because they especially menace the French laws of the Province of Quebec, and because they constitute an indignity to Canada, in that persons living outside of Canada should judge us, such appeal should be abolished."

This was the opinion of E. Theriault, Liberal, L'Islet, who spoke in the legislative assembly on his motion to the effect "that this House expresses the wish that in view of the judicial organization of Canada and of our province, it is expedient that the appeal to the Privy Council be abolished and that the Majesty be prevailed to no longer allow any appeal as of right."

Pensions Act

No Further Amendments to be Made to the Present Act

Ottawa. "The government does not intend to extend the present provisions of the pension act by further amendments this year," stated Hon. J. H. King, Minister of Health and Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, in the House.

The present pension legislation said Dr. King, provide pension for all disabilities "attributed to or incurred during military service" and for "disabilities resulting from injury or disease or the aggravation thereof incurred during military service." No ex-soldier who was so disabled was denied a pension, but responsibility could not be accepted for those whose disabilities were not related to war service.

Manitoba Liberal Leader

Judge Hugh A. Robson Elected to Succeed Hon. T. C. Norris

Winnipeg. Judge Hugh A. Robson, K.C., prominent in the public life of the West for many years, is the new leader of the provincial Liberal party. He was elected to succeed Hon. T. C. Norris, who tendered his resignation a year ago, at a party convention held here.

Judge Robson was elected from a list of several nominees, including Fred F. Haulton, former president of the provincial Liberal Association. Mr. Norris, who is the leader of the Liberal group in the legislature, was nominated, but withdrew his name.

Judge Robson, who was born in Barrow in Prince's, England, in 1871, came to Canada in 1882 and is a prominent member of the Winnipeg.

Votes As Free Man

Victoria, B.C. Exercising the privilege granted him as Victoria's first free man, Viscount Walsworth cast a vote on a civic by-law here, and to be the first time in the history of Canada that a governor general has cast a ballot in municipal affairs.

Substantial Decrease In C. N. R. Estimates For Ensuing Financial Year

Ottawa. The report of the Canadian National Railways for 1926, and main estimates, totalling \$22,500,000 for the system covering the fiscal year 1927-28, were approved by the special committee on national railways and shipping, of the House of Commons.

Estimates for the ensuing financial year represent a decrease of \$5,000,000 as compared with the fiscal year 1926-27. Of this sum, \$17,511,118 is to be spent on general additions and betterments. The balance of the amount is to be expended for contingencies, such as wage and other increases.

St. Henry, Thornton, president of the C.N.R., under examination, informed the committee that the wage settlement of December last with conductors and trainmen would cost the system between \$5,500,000 and \$6,000,000 in 1927. This calculation included increases to various other grades within the railways arising as a consequence of the wage agreement.

Ottawa. That the Local Canadian Air Force will shortly acquire six Fokker planes from the United States to be used for patrol work in Hudson Strait, was the report furnished by Alexander Johnston, deputy minister of marine and fisheries, to whose department the flying is to be done.

The planes will take off from Halifax, N.S., as soon as June 1 as convenient. Three bases are then to be established along the coast bordering the strait, one located at the eastern end, another near the middle and the third at the entrance to Hudson Bay, two planes, making their headquarters at each station. In this fashion the entire 500 miles of Hudson Strait can be constantly patrolled and observations made to determine the actual navigation conditions existing during the open season.

Spanish-South American Air Service Planned

Will be Started if German Government Finances Completion of Airship

Berlin. Airship service between Spain and South America, starting within 18 months, is projected by Hugo Polara Zappale, expert, provided the German Government obtains the necessary 2,000,000 marks necessary for the completion of the airship to be used, which is being built in Germany.

Similar agreements are expected to be negotiated with the Argentine and other South American governments. It is planned to make a round trip to South America every three weeks, carrying a 1,000 cargo and 100 passengers, including some passengers. It is estimated that the flight to South America will require from 75 to 80 hours.

Refuse Passport To Communist Leader

Garden Cannot Attend Parley at Canton Says Australian Government

Sydney, Australia. The Australian government has refused a passport to the well-known Communist leader, Eric S. Garden, and three colleagues to attend the Pan Pacific Trade Union Congress at Canton.

"The government's action has caused a great stir in labor circles, Garden and his associates are trying to whip up the labor bodies and the state labor governments in a concerted project."

As it is the intention to discuss peace in the Pacific with the extreme viewpoint of present conditions in China, it is believed to be the reason for the refusal to grant the passport.

Note to Cantonese Approved

London. The cabinet approved the government's draft note to the Chinese authorities in China. It is understood that the note demands punishment of those responsible for the Nanking outrages, indemnification of the victims, or their families, and apologies to the governments whose consulates were looted and whose officials were attacked.

Strawberry Fertilization

Effect of Nitrogenous Fertilizer Applied at Different Times During Life of Plantation

Final results of experiments conducted by the horticultural division of the Dominion Experimental Farm in strawberry fertilization are given in the report for 1925 of the Dominion Horticulturist, which can now be had free on application to the Publication Branch, Ottawa. The results consist of the effect of nitrogenous fertilizer applications made at different times during the life of the plantation. The plots experimented with consisted of three fifteen foot rows on soil of high fertility. Each treatment or series, of which there were seven, was replicated three times, so that the yields recorded are from four widely separated plots of the same treatment. The series included: not nitrated, nitrated at planting, nitrated one month after planting, nitrated August 15, nitrated September 15 only, nitrated September 15 and before bloom, nitrated September 15 and in full bloom.

The highest yielding series was the one receiving nitrate on September 15 and again just before bloom in the spring. There was, however, the report indicates, a noticeable increase due to the September application and an increase in all the nitrated series, which became progressively more marked as the application approached the fruit bud-forming period. It is added that the early spring application, even on soil of high fertility, has a tendency to cause increase in size of fruit, which accounts for the slightly greater yield shown in the tabular statement of the report in the series September 15 and before bloom.

Summarizing results as reported in 1921 and 1925 the Dominion Horticulturist says in brief that nitrate of soda and other soluble salts applied at planting may have an injurious effect on land in a fairly high state of fertility, nitrate of soda may not cause any marked improvement even when applied two months after planting; on poor soils when the foliage shows a pale color nitrate of soda applied not earlier than one month after planting may cause a marked increase in early season formation, which will result in increased yields the following year; application of nitrate of soda, even on land where nitrogen is not a limiting factor, from a vegetable response standpoint when made about September 15 causes a marked increase in yield the following year; when manure is used better results have been obtained by applying in large quantities the year previous to some head crop, or when applied at planting time by ploughing in rather deeply.

Tradesman Made Mistake

Was Generous With Customer But Result Was Disastrous

"One of the secrets of success in business," remarked Sir Thomas Lipton recently, "is to execute a customer's order exactly as given; for you may be sure he knows better than you do precisely what his requirements are. A tradesman may err, even with the best intentions."

"For instance," he continued, "there was the case of the newly engaged young man who had asked the lady of his choice, and twenty-four, that he was sending her a rose for every year of her age. To a dealer he gave the order to send the lady two dozen of the finest roses he could procure."

"There's a good customer," remarked the florist to his assistant, who was packing the blooms, "so put in an extra half-dozen."

"The engagement was broken off."

Only One Ending

Although she has an assortment of hats, she wants a new one.

(That's the woman of it.)

He says he thinks she can get along without it.

(That's the man of it.)

She insists that she can't and she's going to get it.

(That's the woman of it.)

He says, "Don't let her know it."

(That's the man of it.)

She looks down and weeps.

(That's the woman of it.)

He says, "Don't let her know it."

(That's the man of it.)

She looks down and weeps.

(That's the woman of it.)

He says, "Don't let her know it."

(That's the man of it.)

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(That's the man of it.)

She looks down and weeps.

(That's the woman of it.)

The Age of Perpetual Youth

Hard to Determine At What Age a Man Really Grows Old

When Chief Justice William Mulock was banqueted the other day as an evidence of the high esteem in which he is held, he stated that although he was celebrating his eighty-third birthday he meant to keep in harness and go on with his work as long as he had the assurance he now enjoyed that his faculties were at their best.

Sir William Mulock is one of many prominent men in Canada who, after passing the age of eighty, are adding lustre to their reputations.

So many are the instances of it that could be cited, in the law, the clergy, medicine, finance and business, that it appears to be necessary to revise the point of view of past generations as to the age at which men really grow so old that they should cease from their labors and relinquish their interest in the affairs of this world.

The boys and girls of today do their best to become men and women before their time but, having really matured, they refuse to grow old. It is impossible to escape the conclusion that modern fashions in dress have much to do with keeping most people forever young; for with fastidiousness in dress go much else that affect health and character. Those who keep young concern themselves with the interests of the young, remain cheerful and lead open and well ventilated lives, instead of drooping to the fireside as elderly people used to do a generation or two ago.

The other day thirty-one employees in the municipal service of New York who were due to retire at the age of seventy-five were given permission to retain their positions. The records show that twenty-five of them did not miss their duties even for a day during the past year. The different heads of departments in which these men were, described many of them as almost indispensable men in perfect physical condition and all physically fit for the services in which they were engaged, highly technical in some cases.

It has been found in the municipal services of New York that men of seventy begin to be more and more reluctant to accept pensions and retire. This might mean that they had not practised the thrift they should but it is taken to mean that men of seventy are in better shape to carry on than men of their age used to be. No doubt they are, if, as the insurance companies tell us, the average age of the human being in North America has been lengthened by fifty years since three generations ago. It should follow that men of seventy today are a little bit less than men of that age formerly were. And they are. There is better health to be had than in past times, and all kinds of interests, empire to keep old people alert and interested. — Toronto Star

Separation Not Possible

Canada's Reverence For British Constitution Too Deep Says Sir Arthur Currie

Sir Arthur Currie, principal of McGill University, commander of the famous Canadian army corps, has little sympathy for the mischief-makers who, at the slightest opportunity, raise the banner of separation. He says:

In certain quarters the phantom of separation and absolute independence as a Canadian desire is called up again, an insult in my judgment, to the sturdy character of an honorable Canadian people who have a deep reverence for the British constitution and all it represents. It is all very foolish, this phantom-raiding, but it is harmful and makes for discontent. It is not a belief or a hope in Canada.

A little more plain talk like this, which has come from so many sources of late, and this class will be ashamed of this foolish talk. There was an attempt to start it after the last Imperial Conference, but it was pretty thoroughly squelched.

Was Right Too

A prosperous pork butcher, recently made a J.P., was paying a visit to the local school and questioning the children on subjects of general knowledge.

"And now, my boys," he said, pride in his voice, "can anyone tell me what the letters J. P. after my name stand for?"

The answer was quickly forthcoming from the proverbial bright boy: "Judge of pork, sir."

New Elevator For Vancouver

Plans are under way to add 1,000,000 bushels to the capacity of No. 2 elevator at Vancouver, according to E. H. McD. Russell, chairman of the Vancouver Harbor Board.

Be sure you are right—but don't be too sure that everybody else is wrong.

Community Spirit

People On the Farm Banded Together For Their Own Good

During the past two or three years there has come to our notice a considerable number of community enterprises, most of them of a very commendable character. It would appear that here in Saskatchewan, community work co-operative if you wish to call it that—has developed markedly during the past three or four years.

We have in mind three or four particular incidents. One is a district that has built up an agricultural fair that ranks among the best, yet it has not been able to secure, because of its location, any Government assistance. This community has built buildings costing upwards of \$3,000 and constructed them in such a way that they can be used for exhibition purposes in the summer and as a community hall and curling rink in the winter.

We have in mind one or two communities that have set out to improve the quality of the livestock produced in that district through boys' and girls' clubs and through making available the use of better sties. The value of such work cannot be reckoned alone in dollars. It sets a higher ideal for the people in the districts in all activities.

We have in mind all those enterprises that bring the people of the community together to achieve a common purpose. We of the farm have a tendency to be what is called "independent." Our living apart just naturally develops this disposition. We must have a common work to bring us together socially and then work towards bettering farming as an economic occupation.

Without a doubt the people on the farm have come together during the past few years as never in the past. It has been these community enterprises and the common ground of co-operative marketing that has brought about this favorable state of affairs. May it develop. — Saskatchewan Farmer

Named After Toronto Professor

Columbia glacier, at the head of Smoky river northeast of Mount Robson, Jasper National Park, Alberta, is situated in a part of the Rockies renowned for its scenic beauty. The glacier is named after Dr. A. P. Coleman, F.R.S., Professor of Geology in the University of Toronto, who traversed this region in 1907 and 1908.

A pawnbroker says that many of his customers have redeeming qualities.

Judging Character Of Broadcasters

Cannot Depend on Voices As They Are Often Deceptive

I saw an article in a contemporary the other day in which it discussed the question of whether listeners-in to the broadcasting could judge of the physique or character of a man by his voice. The writer expressed doubt whether this was possible, commenting that Gladstone had a high-pitched voice; that though Jowett had what was called a cherubic pipe, he was yet one of the most dominating influences of men of his time.

My recollection is that Bismarck—certainly a strong character—had a very poor voice. Richard Lalor Shillel, the greatest orator of nineteenth century Ireland (except Daniel O'Connell), and who could move the House of Commons more than any man of his time, was declared by Gladstone to have had a voice like the healing of an iron on a tin can. Disraeli is supposed to have had a very good voice; but his contemporaries always used to say that he spoke like a man with a plum in his throat.

The Only Restriction

People Who Attack Religion Must do So Decently

If civilization means anything it means consideration for other people—self-restraint, courtesy. The theory of the modern radical seems to be that under the theories of free speech he has the right to attack any one's religion a vill, abusing God as the spirit moves. A Canadian jury had just rejected this view, and we are glad to support the court.

The point does not touch free speech remotely or directly. The argument can still present his convictions. He can criticize the old faiths at length. The only restriction is that he must do so decently and in order, precisely as he would drive his car down Main street, clothe himself for a public promenade or greet a neighbor.

The law does not permit A to insult B's wife. It is difficult to see why he should have a greater license in regard to B's God. — New York Herald Tribune

Turntable for Coaches

Motor coaches used at a railroad terminal in Jersey City are turned around on a turntable, which eliminates the difficulty of backing up and reversing direction in crowded quarters. The unit, much like those employed at railway shops, is easily turned by hand.

Germination Test For Seed

From 90 to 95 Per Cent. Germination Is Necessary For Grain Seed Partners at the present time are very anxious to ascertain whether their seed grain was at all affected by the bad weather of last fall. In view of this the following test for germination has been obtained from an authority on agriculture:

In making a germination test, a great deal of care should be exercised in picking the seeds. It is very important that a representative sample should be chosen, that is, large plump seeds should not be picked out from the cleaned seed, but a sample picked at random from the supply.

In all tests it is recommended that 200 seeds should be used. Place the seeds in a shallow pan or dish between two layers of heavy blotting paper, which has been soaked in water. The dish should be large enough to prevent the seeds being crowded. Keep the blotting paper moist at all times, but no free water should be allowed to stand in the dish. Keep the dish at the room temperature of 60 or 70 degrees.

After seven days, make the first count to see the number which have been germinated, and 10 to 12 days later, make a final count. For cereals, which include wheat, oats, barley and rye, there should not be more than 20 ungerminated seeds, that is, from 90 per cent. to 95 per cent. germination. For grasses and clover 85 per cent. germination is satisfactory.

A point to notice in connection with sweet clover and alfalfa is that a large number of the seeds will swell and will not germinate. This is due to the hardness of the seeds, but the Dominion Seed Testing Laboratories include these swelled seeds in the germination. Any farmer who wishes to, may get germination tests made by sending a sample to the Dominion Seed Testing Laboratories either at Calgary or Winnipeg. For cereals, a one pound sample is necessary. For flax and grasses, two ounces is sufficient. Any farmer may get three samples tested free of charge.

Casino Manager Was Loser

French Court Ruled Bogus Cheque Was Legat Tender For Gambling

Bonus cheques are legal tender when given to a gambling casino in France. It's "cheval emporte" for the casino.

The Court of Cassation, the highest tribunal, has established this rule in a test case. A Monsieur Lambert, an Amey bought chips with cheques for which there was no funds. Issuance of such cheques in France is a criminal offence, severely punished.

But cheques are legal tender, the court held, but a gambling debt is uncollectable through the courts. Therefore a bad cheque given for chips which then are used for gambling is outside the law.

The gambling legislation even stops collection of a loan or advance made by a third party when it is known the money is for gambling.

Canada's Mountain Parks

Dominion Has Made Generous Provision for Outdoor Recreation

Canada has now 10,000 square miles of the most magnificent territory in the Dominion set apart as national recreation areas. Few countries in the world have made such generous provision for outdoor recreation and pleasure.

Of the seven great scenic parks under Dominion control in the Rockies and Selkirk, three are in Alberta and four in British Columbia. Waterton Lakes, Rocky Mountains and Jasper National parks are in Alberta, and Yoho, Glacier, Kootenay and Mount Revelstoke parks are in British Columbia.

Tree Species In Canada

Thirty-one Out of 150 Varieties Are Softwoods

There are approximately 150 species of trees in Canada of which 31 are conifers, or softwoods, and the remainder hardwoods. Of the total number only 23 species of softwoods and 32 species of hardwoods can be considered as commercially important. The conifers form over 80 per cent. of the standing timber, and yield 95 per cent. of the lumber and pulpwood produced. The hardwoods are chiefly used for fuel, but they also furnish considerable lumber for flooring, interior finish, furniture, cooperage, turnery, and other wood-working industries.

There are 15,247 British subjects resident in China, of whom 9,300 are in Shanghai.

It is never advisable to tell a too-proud maker he's good, because it goes right to his head.

Many a man's head is full of emptiness.

England Keeps Tab On Aliens

Ordinary Tourist Is Not Affected by Police Regulations

New York papers recently gave prominence to a story that Europe was in the throes of its first big international spy scare since the World War. Scotland Yard, it is declared, had redoubled its watch for spies at channel ports and even American residents, who generally are considered harmless, must have identity cards and report their movements to the police. It was a good yarn, as Sunday newspaper features go, despite the fact that the police precautions referred to have been in vogue seven years. The situation, as explained by Mr. Milton Bromner, a London correspondent who took the trouble to set his home office right, is one which grew out of the Great War when it was essential for the safety of the United Kingdom that every foreigner should be tagged. The present system is just a hangover, like so many other nuisances bequeathed by the great conflict. The ordinary tourist, who visits England for a few weeks is not affected at all and will not be. The police rule is that aliens must apply to the police for an identification card if they are making an extended stay in Great Britain. Each citizen of a foreign country sojourning there must supply the nearest police headquarters with three copies of his photograph. One of these is pasted in the identity book given him and the others are retained in the files of the police. There is no annoyance, no third degree stuff, nothing but courtesy, efficiency and business-like methods. "Presumably," writes Mr. Bromner, "the system is kept up so that if, for any reason, the police ever want you they know exactly where to find you. But, like so many mischiefs spread by the authorities, the meshes are so big the very fish they want to catch slip through."

The point he makes, of course, is that the law-abiding aliens only obey the law and report their every move, but the crook or shady person, who doesn't want the police to know too much about him, simply neglects to keep the authorities posted and finds it easy to become swallowed up in vast London.

Handicapped By Spelling

Or English Might Become World Language Say Authorities

The English language might become the world language of commerce and diplomacy if it were not for its stupid spelling, according to W. P. Steer, president of the Simplified Spelling Society.

This opinion is supported by Sir G. B. Hunter, who said that "English is now spoken by about 200,000,000 people. There is no reason, except our defective spelling why it should not become a world language. The negotiations between the Chinese and Japanese governments recently were conducted in English."

"The Simplified Spelling Society is willing to accept any method and any simplification which will improve our spelling and make it less difficult, less burdensome to our children and ourselves, and to those of other races who wish to learn our language," he said.

"Our whole educational system is handicapped by our spelling. English children do not learn to read and spell and write their own language as the children of some other nations. It is computed that anything up to two years is wasted by our absurd spelling in the school life of our average child. But even later in life the fetters of conventional stupid spelling is a hindrance and a handicap. It is a deterrent to original composition. We should not require a dictionary to spell and write our own language."

"Now Charles," said the teacher "if your father can do a piece of work in one hour and your mother can do it in one hour, how long would it take them to do it together?"

"Three hours," answered Charles, "counting the time they would waste in arguing."

Patric Butler, policeman, operates a stop-and-go sign. His wife owns the factory that makes them. So every day a shiny limousine with a uniformed chauffeur takes Officer Butler to work, and drives off with the command, "Back at four."

Jane—"You remember you told me that if I'd put a piece of that wedding cake under my pillow I would dream about my future husband?"

Joan—"Well, did you?"

Jane—"That's what worries me; I dreamt about the Seventh Regiment."

The greatness thrust upon us is sure to grate upon our neighbors.

We would have more ideal citizens but for the necessity of ideal citizens.

There are many ointments
but **ONLY ONE**
Zam-Buk
THE GREAT HERBAL SKIN BALM

Strange, Romantic Love Adventures of the Gapper you know
Joanna
by H. L. GATES
Copyright 1925 by H. L. GATES
Published by arrangement with First National Pictures, Inc.

CHAPTER XXXII. (Continued)

There was an instant label of robes, and those who, for their various reasons, must attempt the descent rather than remain at La Turbie during the night. Brandon, who had risen from his table, watched Joanna and Kenneth. He saw that both of them turned immediately toward the foyer where Joanna had left her wrap. Then he slipped out the door and went to the big car in which Antoine awaited.

"As I expected," he said to the Monégasque, "she will not remain. Be ready to pull out when they approach their car. We want not more than two or three cars between us."

When Kenneth and Joanna came out, many of the cars in the yard had already vanished in the fog, their horns echoing up from the road monotonously. An attendant was ordering departures, bustling upon an interval of two minutes between them. Brandon waited until Joanna, her wrap held close about her, her mask in her hand now, had climbed into the seat beside Kenneth. Then he touched Antoine's arm, and, at the next signal from the starter, the big car slid away.

In the smaller car Kenneth remarked again: "It'll be a rest of nerves, but we'll make it if anyone does." The girl seemed to detect a note of defeat in his tone. She slipped her hand under his arm.

"I'm sorry, Ken," she said. "You were wonderful, and I am comforted enough to think you meant all that you said. But you just didn't sweep me off my feet as I thought you might. I suppose there must be something old-fashioned about me after all. Your arms are awfully comforting, my dear, but I couldn't have the feeling that the thorns would just have to grow on them. I know you think I've treated you rotten, but I couldn't help it. I feel better, but I'm sure of myself anyway."

"I don't know," he said, "but when you've got the right idea at that, Brandon, I suppose there must be something old-fashioned about me after all. Your arms are awfully comforting, my dear, but I couldn't have the feeling that the thorns would just have to grow on them. I know you think I've treated you rotten, but I couldn't help it. I feel better, but I'm sure of myself anyway."

"I'm glad you didn't," she returned. "I'm afraid I might have given in to that."

The starter appeared at their running board and asked them to proceed. They crept noiselessly out of the parking yard. Until they came to the first turn, some sixty yards away, the flickering lights from the club house and the twisted, deviously lit house added them. Then, when they had swerved sharply to the left, they were wrapped in wet, almost impene-

trable obscurity. Ahead they could see only the faint glimmer of their own headlights.

When they bumped into cars stalled at the inner side of the road. Each time they were called out by members of a party going back about—even women in fragile slippers and delicate gowns already soggy from the damp rather than fight the descent any longer.

The red car nosing downward at a snail's pace, struck a stump. "It was foolish of me to let you attempt to go down," Joanna declared. "Before we are too far away we must walk back. The car will be as safe at the side of the road as are the others being abandoned."

"If we have to walk," Kenneth replied firmly, "it will be straight ahead. I'll get you down if I have to carry you."

"But it's utterly folly!" she protested. At that moment another group, two women and a man, stumbled by them, feeling their way back to the summit. "See," she exclaimed, "there are more who have given it up. We can walk back, dry out and wait for daylight. People below will understand."

He stubbornly negotiated another corner. When the car was crawling again he spoke grimly. "There isn't enough clarity in the whole world in the part of it you and I inhabit to make room for any sort of decent understanding of how a pretty woman might be caught and remain till daylight on La Turbie. You can stand a mysterious escape made in the night with Prince Michael, but not with me in the mist at a mountain top club house where you have to wear a mask to save your face. Some could, with some it wouldn't matter; you couldn't and you count."

She bit her lip, and was silent. With a pained gesture he brushed away the moisture that hung in great, glistening beads on her eyelashes. Suddenly she was startled by a light that appeared weirdly, in the middle of the road almost at their front wheels, waving slowly to the right and left.

"Somebody's sneaked I suppose," Kenneth muttered, and, jumping in his brakes, brought the car to a stop. Heavy, forbidding faces emerged from the fog on either side of them. Joanna sat out, Kenneth with an oath, lunged across at the head of a man who reached in to her, but his arms were seized in an iron grip and twisted deviously to his right. A cultured voice, speaking in a mixture of Monégasque and French, commanded:

"Monsieur and Mademoiselle will be good enough to step from the car." "Like—?" Kenneth exclaimed, and struggled, but the grip on his arms left him powerless. The lantern was brought closer. By its pale light they saw that a dozen men surrounded the car and that firearms gleamed dully in their hands.

After her first cry of alarm Joanna sat right. Something of her fright shone in her eyes, and Kenneth was conscious that her face was pale. Otherwise she gave no sign. The gruff voice of the leader of the evil crew was heard again:

"It was ordered that you both descend. We have not great patience. The mademoiselle need not fear."

Kenneth advised Joanna to step out quietly. "We must go through it, I suppose," he grumbled. "They probably will rob us with a thousand pawns and then politely let us go. These mountain brigands are thorough gentlemen as a rule."

The one who had been holding on to Joanna's wrists released them when she was in the road. She ran around the car to Kenneth's side and from this position glared defiantly at the footpads who surrounded them. One of them caught the red sparkle of the enormous ruby that lay against her throat, from which her wrap had fallen. She instinctively flung up her hand to cover it. The bandit smiled and bowed gallantly. "A pretty thing, mademoiselle," he said in the native patois. "Mademoiselle's neck does not require such an ornament, however."

Kenneth cursed at him, which only brought another ironic bow. The men closed in around the pair and they were ordered to walk with them. They were marched off the road past a but which Kenneth recognized as the one before which the big car ahead of them for the first portion of their ascent, had stopped and dropped behind them. Behind the hut they entered a cluster of pine trees and then crossed an open space of soggy brush. A low barn-like building loomed out of the mist before them, and they were ushered through a narrow door.

Inside the building was a startling scene. In the dim light shed by a dozen lanterns placed about the partition floor they saw half a dozen men and women whose costumes and demeanors proved to have been revelers at the club house, lined up against the walls, the men standing stiffly at one side, their hands bound behind them, women in an excited group. Armed ruffians guarded the women at one side, and the silent men at the other. Kenneth was ordered to take his place among the men. For a brief moment he gave a sign of alarm, his light, but Joanna murmured a reassuring word to him and without awaiting the command from their captors, moved over to join the group of women.

As Kenneth had prophesied, the bandits pulled their victims with polite apologies into their garret. At times, they seemed however, to be strangely ineffectual in their planning. The man whose hands were bound Kenneth's inner pockets did not discover his wallet, in which was a sizeable check of bank notes, nor his platinum and diamond-studded watch in the watch pocket beneath his waistcoat. A few gold loaves, and an English pound note in his change pocket was confiscated. His pearl dress studs were not noted. Curiously, he observed that the other captives, relieving the other men of obvious valuables, ignored costly pearl studs. On the lapel of one victim, a tiny decoration built around a huge diamond, was unnoticed.

Will Raise Historic Ship

Schooner Nancy Was Sunk During War of 1812

The Ontario department of public works will soon call for tenders to raise the hull of H.M. Schooner Nancy, lying near the mouth of Ottawa's Saginaw river. The British transport in the war of 1812, while taking supplies to the British garrison at Mackinac, was forced into Saginaw Bay and the commander and crew left her and built a blockhouse on shore. A powder train was laid to the Nancy to destroy her if capture was threatened. After a heroic fight with the Americans the blockhouse caught fire, and the powder train was accidentally fired, sinking the vessel.

Should Start When Young

An airplane, travelling 200 miles an hour night and day, would reach the sun in 52 years, so the possibilities of the trip will appeal only to those who have plenty of time on their hands.

Since the invention of the printing press, 660,000,000 copies of the Bible have been printed.

In the Scandinavian countries all big athletic events are scheduled on Sundays in preference to Saturdays.

Plan Interesting Trip

Machine Gunners Will Travel From Toronto to Prince Rupert on Horseback

From Toronto to Prince Rupert, B.C., on horseback is the trip now being planned by six young members of the Canadian Machine Gun Corps as a fitting way to employ the summer months.

Through untracked regions, where the only guide is the compass, across rivers and finally through the Rocky Mountains, the party intend to follow at 5,000-mile route far north of any previously made paths across the continent.

The originator of the plan is Lance Corporal Edward Warren, and his companions are Privates E. Hanenck, S. Miller, M. Hutton, D. Halliday, and S. Flannigan. All are Toronto men, and they expect to receive the backing of several prominent business men.

Starting at the beginning of May, they hope to complete their journey within five months.

Lance Corporal Warren, who will act as leader and guide, is no stranger to the northern country. For several years a resident of the West, he has made a number of riding trips up into the woods, and has ridden the ranches in British Columbia and Alberta. Hiking through the wilds has always been his hobby, and he thinks his plan provides the ideal way of crossing the continent.

Speaking of his desire to emulate the early explorers, he remarked that he wished he had been one of them. "I don't know why I wasn't born a few hundred years earlier," he remarked. "I hate going anywhere by train. In fact, travelling to and from the West, I've often got off the train at a station and walked the next few miles. I feel I just had to."

First Telephone Conversation

Inventor's Statement Says Honor Shared by Three Ontario Cities

Where did the first conversation by telephone take place?

All loyal Canadians who are conversant with the subject will at once say "Brantford," having in mind the fact that though living in Boston, Dr. Bell at the time used to spend his holidays at the Ontario city, experimenting the while.

The American claim is set forward in the 1926 report of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company in the words:

"In 1876 the first sentence was heard over the telephone in Boston; the first outside conversation took place between Cambridge and Boston; and the first long distance message was sent between Salem and Boston."

Dr. Bell's own statement, which ought to be final evidence gives Brantford the honor, however. His words at that city in 1917, when the Bell memorial was unveiled, included these statements:

"The telephone was conceived in Brantford in 1871 and born in Boston in 1876. The first time that the instruments were placed miles apart and speech successfully transmitted was here in Brantford, August 10th, 1876. The transmitter was placed in Brantford, the receiving instrument was placed in Paris, and the battery was in Toronto."

Thus three Ontario cities share the honor of giving to the world the first telephone speech.

Famous Twins Meet Prince

Residents of Brighton Are Ninety Four Years Old

Brighton, the holiday resort on the south coast of England, which owed its earlier fame mainly to the patronage of the Prince Regent something over 100 years ago, received a visit from the regent's successor, the Prince of Wales.

At a time when the Mayor and Mayor-elect the famous Brighton twins, Matthew and Mark Ginn, aged 94 years, were presented. Matthew told the Prince that when he was ten years old he had delivered goods to Buckingham Palace.

The Editor's Wealth

Oklahoma newspaper editor is about to retire with \$100,000 fortune, which is due to his industry, faithfulness and ceaseless toil, and the fact that he was paid \$100,000 for oil discovered on a piece of worthless land he owned.

Read Before You Sign

To counteract the activities of high pressure salesmanship a noted trade expert advocates "buyership." An educational campaign is proposed to impress on the public the importance of making a searching investigation before investing. "Read before you sign."

Wealthy relatives sometimes enable a man to deal in futures.

W. N. U. 1675

"I want to help" says Allen Boudria

Tells facts from own experience to help others. Almost wild with pain, weak and run down, he won new health and strength through Tanlac

Allen Boudria, engineer, of 432 St. Patrick St., is one of Ottawa's best known citizens. "My purpose in telling the facts of my experience," he said, "is to help others who suffer as I did."

"For five years I was in misery. My whole system seemed out of gear, but my stomach troubled most. Even a drink of cold water would cause my stomach to lurch and swell abnormally. Gas would prevent me from sleeping at night so that I had to get up and walk the floor for hours. Violent stomach pains nearly drove me wild. I've seen times when I was doubled over, unable to straighten up."

"My friend M. Lapointe told me how Tanlac had helped him out of similar trouble, so I got some and used 91 bottles in all. It just made me over. I feel 30 years younger than I am, and weigh 214 lbs. My appetite and sleep are both fine. I eat what I like and sleep like a top. Tanlac and nothing else made this great change. I'm for Tanlac."



If overwork or neglect have worn you down get Tanlac, the great natural tonic made from roots, herbs and barks. Your druggist has it. Over 52 million bottles sold.

Mystery of the Towers

Built in England During the War But Were Never Used

The mystery of two huge towers, built on the south coast of England during the war and never used, has been cleared up.

The towers, 80 feet high and built at a cost of approximately \$5,000,000, were to be the fortresses of many similar ones for the defence of the English Channel.

They were to be towed out to sea and strung together across the Straits of Dover, linked together at distances of a few hundred yards with nets and heavily fortified with guns. In the top of each a powerful searchlight was to be placed.

The armistice, however, made it unnecessary to continue the scheme and the towers were anchored off Sheerness for some years. One has been broken up and the other is used as a lightship off Spithead.

A GOOD MEDICINE FOR SPRING TIME

Do Not Use Harsh Purgatives—A Tonic is All You Need

Not sick but not feeling quite well. That is the way most people feel in the spring. Easily tired, apathetic, listless, sometimes headache, and a feeling of depression. Pimples, or eruptions may appear on the skin, or there may be twinges of rheumatism or neuritis. Any of these is a sign that the blood is out of order—that the indoor life of winter has left its mark upon you and may easily develop into more serious trouble.

Do not dose yourself with purgatives, as many people do, in the hope that you can pur your blood right. Purgatives gallop through the system and weaken instead of giving strength. Any doctor will tell you this is true. What you need in the spring is a tonic that will enrich the blood and build up the nerves. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do this speedily and surely. Every dose of this medicine helps to enrich the blood which cleans the skin, strengthens the appetite and makes tired, depressed men, women and children active and strong. Mr. James Dickinson, Westmeath, Ont., says: "I was quite badly run down, easily tired, and apathetic. My blood seemed thin and watery. I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after taking a few boxes I felt myself thoroughly built up and as strong as ever. I can recommend the pills to run down people."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

According to Sir W. Arbuthnot Lane noted British surgeon, half of persons are more able to fight against disease than dark haired ones.

Not Always a Good Rule

The idea that a man is as old as his birthday is one that is fast disappearing. There are too many eminent men beyond the birthday's span to hold to such a principle. Birthdays, alone, are poor way to judge a man or a woman. Many men of ripe years are also of ripe intellect and judgment, while many men and women never reach that stage.

It is suggested that judges be comparatively retired when they have reached the age of seventy-five years. That does not seem to be a good rule. A judge, particularly may have gathered a wide outlook in his service which would be missed on the bench.

The worms that infect children from their birth are of two kinds, those that find lodgment in the stomach and those that are found in the intestines. The latter are the most destructive, as they cling to the walls of the intestines and interfere with work leave there. Milt's Worm Powders dislodge both kinds and while expelling them from the system serve to repair the damage they have caused.

Little Helps For This Week

If ye love Me, keep My commandments. John XIV, 15.

Do as thou wouldst be done unto; love God, and love thy neighbor, watch and pray. These are the words and works of life; this do. And live; who doth not this hath lost heaven's way.

—Henry Vaughan.

When a man is told that the whole of religion and morality is summed up in the two commandments, to love God and to love our neighbor, he is ready to cry, like Cleopatra in Gethsemane, at the first sight of the sea, "Is this the mighty ocean? Is this all?" Yes, all; but how small a part of it do your eyes survey! Only trust yourself to it, launch out upon it and abroad over it, you will find it has no end; it will carry you round the world.

—Julius Hare.

Queen Likes Dickens's Works

One of the Queen's favorite authors is Dickens. She recently attended a luncheon at which the menu cards were decorated with sketches of characters from Dickens' books. After lunch the queen began guessing the names of the characters. Queen Mary named correctly 11 of the 12 who were depicted.

There is an automobile for every five persons in the United States. At this ratio there is one for almost every family.

Free Treatments For DEAFNESS

Head Noises from Nasal Catarrh

Hearing Restored

I have an original home treatment for deafness and head noises from nasal catarrh which I want every sufferer to try free—without obligation. For many years I suffered from nasal catarrh and head noises. I perfected a treatment which completely restored my hearing. I gave it to others and they were able to hear again. Since that time, hundreds have used it successfully.



Dr. W. O. Coffee

This Is FREE

I feel so sure that this treatment will restore hearing and end head noises from nasal catarrh that I want every sufferer to try it free. I want to prove at my expense that the results are quick and convincing.

It is the best treatment that I have found in 42 years' practice as eye, ear, nose and throat specialist.

25,000 Treatments To Be GIVEN AWAY This Month FREE

These treatments cost you nothing. The result is quick and convincing. You will feel the difference the first day. I have found that 90 per cent of the cases of deafness and head noises are caused primarily by nasal catarrh. Inflammation of the mucous membrane and many other troubles. Usually one ear is affected first, the deafness grows worse with every cold and the other ear is affected. My original home treatment will stop all this. I have restored hearing to many extreme cases where women had been growing deaf for 18 years; a man 25 years old who had been deaf for many years can now hear again. Hundreds of other instances similar to these have told me of the treatment's success.

TRY IT FREE

In addition, I will send you absolutely free my new book on Deafness, Head Noises and Catarrh. It discusses fully the curable and incurable kinds of deafness. State if you are deaf, have head noises or just nasal catarrh or head catarrh. Write or print your name plainly. Do not delay. This notice may not appear again. For 30 days I am going to give away 25,000 free treatments.

DR. W. O. COFFEE, Suite 2112, St. James Hotel Bldg., Davenport, Ia.



Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for

Colds Headache Neuritis Lumbago
Pain Neuralgia Toothache Rheumatism

DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEART

Safe

Accept only "Bayer" package

which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture or Monocellulose of Salicylic Acid (Acetyl Salicylic Acid, "A. S. A."). While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

The Business of Agriculture

Farming is more than an occupation; it is a highly commercialized business which requires careful planning and thoughtful execution. Bountiful production is necessary but much effort is wasted unless the business of disposing of the year's output is properly managed. In conducting the business of the farm the Standard Bank can play a prominent and useful part. Consult the manager and learn how time co-operation between banking and agriculture builds a more prosperous community.

BANKING FIFTY YEARS

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

RAYMOND BRANCH—T. L. Halpin, Manager

BINDER TWINE

The influence of this Farmers' Company in distribution and sale of twine has for ten years been of immense benefit to the farmers of Western Canada. Place provisional order now with the U. G. G. Agent for your 1927 requirements.

Deliver your Grain to

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD.

Elevators at Raymond and Magrath

COAL — FLOUR — FEED

Meats and Groceries

Everything Good to Eat

F. T. Holt's Market

Real Old English

Hot Cross Buns Today

Per Dozen 35c

Also large variety of Freshly baked Pastries for Easter

"Eat the Best!" — "Forget the Rest!"

Maple Leaf Bakery

PHONE 38

It costs money to buy good coal—but it costs considerably more to buy poor coal

Buy Galt Coal

and save money

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Choicest cuts of Fresh Beef, Mutton and Pork. Cured Meats and Fish always in stock.

PHONE 81

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David C. Peterson
Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
Raymond's Sole Advertising and News Medium

RAYMOND — — — ALBERTA

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Notice

NOTICE is hereby given that, in accordance with the provisions of the Irrigation Act, the undersigned has filed the necessary memorial and plans required by sections 13 and 15 of the said act, with the Commissioner of Irrigation at Calgary, Alta.

The applicant applies for the right to divert sufficient water from Pothole creek at a point on the southeast quarter of section 26 township 5, range 22, west of the 4th meridian, for irrigation purposes, and for the right to construct the necessary works, as shown by the memorial and plans filed, to enable the water so diverted to be used for the said irrigation purposes, on the following lands viz:—lots 2, 7 and 8, block 67, and lots 5, 6 and 7, block 66 (Magrath).

Dated at Magrath, Alta., this 26th day of March, 1927.

Elizabeth N. Lacquement,
Applicant.

FOR SALE—One Wisconsin 60-egg incubator, and one Queen 120-egg incubator. Also hatching eggs from Barred Plymouth Rocks.—A. W. Kirkham, Raymond.

Let us save you 15 to 20 per cent. on Tailor-made Suits and Overcoats

Try One of Our 75c Marcells

Satisfaction Guaranteed by Miss Nielson

REX BARBER SHOP

JESSE SECRIST - PROP.

FOR SALE—Residence (7 rooms and a bath) and acre lot, wash-house and outbuilding. Nice lawn, trees and shrubbery. Part cash, terms on balance.—See Alvin Jones at Maple Leaf Bakery, phone 38.

M. E. CHRISTENSEN
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
EMBALMER

All Funeral Supplies

Successor to Chas. MacKay

Phone 2802

1110 Third Av. So., Lethbridge

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, Lee Ning, that the Club Cafe, now occupied by him, will be closed soon, as the building will be moved. His present stock will be kept until the completion of the new building which will then be occupied by him and the new Club Cafe.

Sgd. Lee Ning,
Club Cafe.

DR. SAMUEL ASTROF
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

(Post Office Building)
Raymond

—Office Hours—
10—12 2—5 7—8
Phone 127

Biltmore
THE MASTER HAT OF CANADA

\$5.50 to \$7.50

Bennett & Co. Limited

John G. Stevenson Succumbs

Another of Raymond's honored old-timers passed away last Thursday afternoon when John G. Stevenson, age 63, who has resided here for the past 24 years, succumbed after a long illness, to heart trouble.

He was born December 21, 1864 in Ephraim, Utah. In 1903 he moved to Canada, where he has since resided. He is survived by his wife and four children: Mrs. Mary E. Rodeback, Mrs. G. Fairbanks, Shirley M. and J. O. Azel Stevenson. The latter is at present on a mission to the central States, and he will be unable to attend the funeral, which will probably be held tomorrow afternoon. There were two other children, Corporal J. Leslie Stevenson, who was killed in France, and Jesse R. Stevenson, who died in infancy.

Mr. Stevenson's health has been very uncertain for the past several years, during which time he has been a familiar figure on the streets of Raymond, although not strong enough to do manual labor. He will be missed by many friends, and the Stevenson family have the sympathy of the whole community in their sorrow.

Relatives in Utah will be prevented from attending the funeral because of the illness of Mr. Stevenson's older brother, who is not expected to recover.

DR. H. HARCOURT HEAL
DENTAL SURGEON
Post Office Block

Office hours:
9 to 12 — 1.30 to 6

FOR SALE—Fairbanks Z gas engine 3 h. p. New 1925. Latest model. A 1 condition. Also power lift Case plow, 3 stable and 2 sod bottoms. Good as new.—J. Hervey, blacksmith, Raymond.

UNITED CHURCH Services—Sunday at 7.30 p. m. Everybody welcome.

NOTICE

The Ladies Aid will hold an Easter tea, pantry sale, sale of aprons and children's ware, at the United Church on Saturday, April 16.

Makers of
Distinctive Portraits

Be Photographed by
Allison
Studio: Balmoral Block
Fifth St. S. — Lethbridge

Garden Time

Poet and philosopher tell of the satisfaction obtained from cultivation of flower and vegetable gardens, but the practice is not as general as could be wished. In many places there is much less gardening than there was some years ago. People have too many things they want to do with their spare time.

In many cities and towns, however, the garden movement has been pushed as a community proposition. People have been urged in a systematic way, to decorate their grounds with handsome shrubbery and flowers, and some of these communities have developed an amazing amount of this beautification.

Such towns become noted, and every minute of time put in on those flower beds is no doubt paid for in the higher value of real estate that is established in such a town.

Home pride is the motive that can best be relied upon to promote the gardening movement. People will usually do what their neighbors do. If you persuade one or two influential families on a street to spend a little more time and money beautifying their places this season, the majority of their neighbors would, within a year or two, fall into line and do the same thing.

As respects vegetables, the advantage of the back yard garden ought to be obvious in these times of high prices. The children of the modern community do not have enough share in the home tasks, and it would do them good to have some regular labors in a garden and they could well do a good deal of its work. But the old folks cannot expect them thus to labor unless they also are willing to do some stunts with the spade and hoe.

New Dance System Here

L. D. King, manager of the Opera House announces that a new system will be used at the Opera House dances starting next Monday. A rail will be built to encircle the floor. Dances will be charged for at 5c per dance. Original admission will be 25c with one ticket good for one dance. It is believed that this system will be more orderly and more satisfactory for all concerned.

M. I. A. Contests

Magrath first ward carried home the M. I. A. shield from the literature and music contest held here last Friday with 98.31 points. Raymond second ward came next with 96.31 points, and Raymond first ward came third with 94.83 points.

The name of the winners and the number of points secured in the grand finals follows:

"M" men's public speaking, Glen Miller, Magrath 1st, 67.3 points. Young ladies public speaker, Mrs. Grant Woolley Magrath 1st, 80.33 points. Organ solo, Emma Hicken, Raymond 1st, 89 points. Male quartette, Glen Toilestrup, Orvin Hicken, Dick O'Brien and Benny Hicken, Raymond 1st, 78.75 points. Girls' chorus, Nellie Hicken, Hilda Coombs, Lily Depew, Doris Hovey, Norma Pack, Effie Betts, Araminta Earl, Lucy Nilsson, Alice Littlefield, Elva Lybbert, Julia Omdenaert, Treva Gibb, Marie Redd and Clarice McMullen. N. L. Mitchell was in charge of the girls' chorus and Solon Low directed the male quartette.

Mr. and Mrs. John Smith, Osborne S. Wight and Miss Annie Steel of Cardston, were the judges and gave entire satisfaction.

On Monday, April 25 the Rex Theatre management will present one of the most lavish productions of all times "The Phantom of the Opera" with Lon Chaney and 5000 others. Price Matinee Saturday. All kids 10c.

The Alberta Wheat Pool has not issued any new contracts. A report that these new contracts had been issued is erroneous. Members of the Wheat Pool will receive these in due course, but in the meantime are advised not to pay any attention to rumors regarding this matter. The new contracts will be for a period of five years from the date of expiration of the present contract. Present Pool members will not be charged any fee for signing the new contracts if signed before August 1928.

The Recorder
\$2.00
Per Year

Easter Dance

Given by the Opera House to celebrate Easter and the first of a series of Jitney Dances with the new admission system

Music by the Premier Dance Orchestra

Admission 25c Good for one dance

Succeeding dances 5c each

Opera House, Monday, April 18th